The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, MAY 13, 1873. VOL. LXXXVIII.—NO. 113.

FIRST EDITION.

THE CAPITAL.

Funeral of the Late Chief Justice Chase.

SERMON BY THE REV. MR. TIFFANY.

A Large Concourse of People in Attendance.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

The Mission to Russia Tendered to Judge Pierrepont.

WASHINGTON, May 12, 1873.

Funeral Obsequies of Chief Justice Chase.

The preparations for the funeral of the late Chief Justice Chase were completed this morning. The Senate chamber was hung in black, the doorways and gallery in the rear of the Vice President's chair being heavily draped, as were also the entrances to the chamber. The galleries were densely filled at an early hour with spectators, and hundreds of persons were unable to obtain an entrance. The floor of the Senate was reserved for specifically-named officers and persons, who entered from time to time and took seats assigned to them. Among these were full representations of foreign legations, including the Ministers from England, France, Spain, Russia, Brazil, Turkey, Austria and Peru, and acting Charge D'Affairs of Japan, together with their respective secretaries and attaches, all in plain dress.

The members of Congress present were Senators Cameron, Sargent, Kelly, Morrill, of Vermont, Casserly, Cragin, and Conkling, and Representatives Potter, Randall, Holman, Garfield and Charles O'Neil and Jay Cooke, McCahmont, of Pennsylvania. Reverdy Johnson was conspicuous in the assemblage, being one of the oldest and most intimate friends of the deceased. Seats were also occupied by the officers of the respective houses, judges of the United States Court, of Claims and of Territorial Courts, and officers of the Department of Justice. A large representation of the clergy of the District, Assistant Secretaries of State, of the Treasury and the Interior, the Attorney-General and Assistant Post Master General, heads of Bureaus in the several departments of the Government, officers of the army and navy, Council and House of Delegates of the Territorial Legislature, civil officers of the Territorial Govern ment and invited friends.

At noon Rev. Dr. Tiffany entered at the main door, reading the services commencing, "I am the resurrection and life," and accompanied by the pall-bearers, Admiral Goldsborough, General McDowell, Governor Cook, Montgomery Blair, W. D. Gallagher, Chief Justice Casey, Judge Schley of Maryland, Dr. Peter Parker, Whitelaw Reid, W. W. Corcoran and Hon. A. F. Perry.

The casket, covered with flowers, was next brought into the chamber by colored servants of the Supreme Court, and placed upon the catafalque in the area fronting the Secretary's desk, which was strewn with floral wreaths, crosses, anchors, etc., a large cross from New York being placed on the Vice President's desk.

Next entered President Grant, Secretaries Fish, Richardson, Robeson and Delano, Attorney General Williams and Postmaster General Creswell, accompanied by the ladies of their respective households, and the immediate relatives of the deceased, followed by colored servants, male and female, all in deep mourning.

The minister concluded his reading by the time the assembly was seated. Rev. Mr. Gurley offered a prayer, after which Rev. Mr. Tiffany delivered the funeral sermon.

Rev. Dr. Tiffany in his discourse said: A Prince and great man had fallen, which had brought those present and the whole country to a common sorrow. Noticing some of the salient points of the character of the deceased, he said the late Chief Justice was competent for the mastery of details, being remarkably tenacious of their conclusions, as were most men who arrive at results from logic rather than from intuition. He was genial in spirit and of refined habits of life, and therefore his judicial decisions appealed both to the understanding and the heart. He was the leader of the sentiment of freedom before it was popular and put into party platforms. Selected by President Lincoln as Secretary of the Treasury, it became his duty to furnish the sinews of war. An empty Treasury meant no supplies, no transportation, no bounties, no soldiers, no success. He did not come to the post without special training, and by his exertions and skill an empty Treasury was filled, the armies clothed and vast expenses paid during a protracted civil war. The importance of the work in this department could not be over estimated. The Secretary of War was enabled to have all the troops and appliances he wanted. But without success in finance there could have been only disaster and defeat. After the war was over, although the Constitution was strained in consequence of the peril of the nation's life, he afterwards sat in and passed judgment on some of his own official acts. As Secretary of the Treasury, dispensing thousands of millions of dollars, no one ever accused him of wrong, and he went out of that office a poorer man than he was when he assumed its duties. After the death of Taney, it was but just and proper that the late Chief Justice should be his successor.

The minister then read an extract from a letter written by Mr. Chase on the subject of the Presidency, in which he said he did not desire the Presidency or the nomination, nor did he know, with his views and convictions, whether he was a suitable candidate, and yet, the minister remarked, an impression prevailed that Chase was a disappointed politician. It was undeniable that no man saw in his acts indications of querulousness and bitterness, but their opposite. He was kind to all, a pure patriot, an upright Judge, and a Christian gentleman. It would be found that his blameless private life was rendered more conspicuous by his eminent official position. No acts of his life need conceal. His character was without a blemish. Scandalous attacks have been made on public men, and perhaps many of them were innocent, but none have attempted to tarnish the mirror of the reputation of the deceased, and his name goes down to posterity without a reproach. Courteous in bearing, he superadded a Christian consecration. He was great among men, but as a child before his Father in heaven. Lincoln, the martyred President, was followed by Stanton, the iron Secretary of War, and Seward, the polished Secretary of State, followed not long ago, and now another leaves us, his death hastened by his arduous labors as Secretary of the Treasury. Remembering his life and sudden decease, may we not say, "My Father, the chariots of Israel and the horseman thereof," and devoutly pray that his falling mantle may rest on one chosen of God?

There were about eighty carriages in the procession, mostly private, the President and cabinet and foreign ministers occupying their own. Thousands of persons were on the streets as spectators. The day was clear. There was a tolling of bells preceding and after the funeral services. All the public departments were closed to-day, excepting the Treasury, which was open until noon.

In the chapel of the cemetery Rev. B. Peyton Brown began the services by reading from the burial service the office commencing, "Man that is born of woman hath but a short time to live, and is full of misery." The ministers present repeated in unison, "I heard a voice from Heaven saying unto me, write from henceforth—blessed are the dead who die in the Lord—even so saith the Spirit, for they rest from their labors."

Rev. B. Peyton Brown then read from the Collect beginning "O merciful God, the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, who is the resurrection and the life." The ministers repeated in unison the Lord's Prayer, after which Rev. Dr. Tiffany pronounced the benediction, which concluded the services.

After the last sad rites in the chapel, the casket was lowered into one of the temporary vaults beneath the floor, where it will remain till to-morrow. It will then be taken out, and having in the meantime been enclosed in a case, will be interred in the lot of Governor Cook, in the new part of the cemetery. The burial will be strictly private, in accordance with the request of the relatives, only the immediate family being present.

Appointments by the President.

The President to-day appointed E. W. Henderson, of Wisconsin, Agent for the Arappewa Indians of Lake Superior, La Pointe Agency; E. C. Lewis, of Illinois, Agent for the Pueblo Indians in New Mexico; Joseph A. Leonard, of Minnesota, Register of the Land Office at Jackson, Minn.; Wm. McMackin, of Washington Territory, Surveyor General of the United States for Washington Territory; Ebenezer Douglass, of Rhode Island, Agent for the Chippewas of Minnesota. In the Fifth Indiana District the present collector, Wm. Grose, is to be retained.

Minister to Russia.

The appointment of Minister to Russia has been tendered to Judge Pierrepont, of New York, in the place of Orr, deceased. His acceptance has not yet been signified.

Respect to the Late Chief Justice.

The Bar of the Court of Claims held a meeting to-day, Chief Justice Drake in the chair, and passed resolutions of respect to the late Chief Justice Chase.

Legal Tenders Outstanding.

The amount of legal tenders outstanding today is $357,681,112.

—A Coroner's inquest on the bodies of Mary Jane Bracken and Jeremiah White, in Philadelphia, showed that the girl had been enticed by White into his room, and failing in his object, he cut her throat, set fire to the bed, and then cut his own throat.

—The coopers of Boston are on a strike, but it does not promise success. The sugar refiners and others say they can obtain all the barrels required without their aid.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 12, 1873.

Charge to the Grand Jury.

Judge Davis, in his charge to the Grand Jury to-day, called particular attention to the laws against usury and extortion on the part of municipal officers. He also alluded, in strong terms, to the frauds upon the city involved in the presentation and payment of fraudulent pay-rolls, and urged the Grand Jury to investigate them.

The Bank of England Forgery.

The prosecution closed to-day in the examination of McDonnell, the Bank of England forger, and the prisoner's counsel presented a plea for the acquittal of McDonnell, on the ground that on the 24th of April, after a full hearing, McDonnell was legally discharged. The taking of this plea was objected to and the objection sustained. The motion to strike out the evidence of a majority of the witnesses, on the ground that their depositions were mere *ex parte* narrative statements, was also over-ruled. Adjourned till Saturday.

"Pop Tighe" in Trouble.

"Pop Tighe," who was arrested on Saturday on the suspicion that he knows something of the Goodrich murder, is a well-known criminal, and the police say that if he cannot be connected with that murder they will have him tried for an assault on Marshal Ducey on election day, and, should he escape punishment for that offence, will be tried as an accomplice in binding and gagging Mr. and Mrs. Gardiner while their house was being robbed about four months ago.

Nixon's Case.

Nixon's counsel to-day made an application to Judge Fancher for a writ of error to put the case in formal shape to appeal to the General Term for a stay. As no notice of the motion has been given to the District Attorney, the judge refused the application, which will be resumed to-morrow on proper notice.

Tweed's Case Called.

The case of William M. Tweed was called, and Wednesday assigned for Tweed to plead to fifteen new indictments recently found against him. Wednesday, two weeks, is fixed for the commencement of the second trial on the former indictment.

A Railroad Company Sued by a Brakeman.

Landsing Harring, an Erie brakeman, brought suit in the Hudson County Court, N. J., against the Erie company, to recover $5,000 for injuries sustained, in consequence of defective bumpers, while coupling cars.

The Brooklyn Libel Suit.

Judge McCue, of the Brooklyn City Court, to-day granted an order vacating the order of arrest obtained by Thomas W. Field against Henry C. Bowen, editor of the Brooklyn *Union*, in a libel suit for $100,000.

Officers of the Stock Exchange.

The Stock Exchange to-day elected H. G. Chapman as President, M. A. Wheelock as Chairman, James Mitchell as Vice Chairman, B. O. White as Secretary, D. C. Hays as Treasurer, and a Governing Committee.

Local Option.

All the members of the Methodist Preachers' Association, at a meeting to-day, signed a petition to Governor Dix praying him to sign the local option liquor bill.

Failure of a Tea Firm.

Smith & Noyes, large tea dealers, failed on Saturday.

Atlantic National Bank.

The receiver of the Atlantic National Bank has already collected $200,000 in cash.

PHILADELPHIA.

Meeting of the U. S. Centennial Commission.

PHILADELPHIA, May 12.—The United States Centennial Commission re-assembled this morning. It was announced that Mr. Campbell, of Indiana, had accepted the position of Secretary. Mr. Prosser, the Treasurer, offered the following:

Resolved, That the executive committee be directed to take such measures as may in their judgment be necessary to secure proper representation in the exhibition from the Governments of China, Japan and other Oriental countries.

Agreed to.

Mr. Goldsmith of Vermont, offered the following:

Resolved, That the Committee on Foreign Affairs tender to the American Medical Association such co-operation as may be necessary in reference to any International Congress to entertain questions pertaining to medical matters which they may have inaugurated or may hereafter inaugurate.

Adopted. The Commission then adjourned.

Marine News.

LIVERPOOL, May 12.—The steamships Hasna, Manhattan and Westphalia, from New York, have arrived out.

HAMBURG, May 12.—The steamship Pereire, from New York, has arrived.

HAMBURG, May 12.—The steamship Saxonia, from New York, has arrived.

FARTHER POINT, CANADA, May 12.—The steamship Sarmatian, from Liverpool, has arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, May 12.—The steamship City of Paris, from New York, has arrived.

NEW YORK, May 12.—The steamship Vandalia from Hamburg, Siberian from Antwerp, and Batavia from Liverpool; have arrived.

The Constitutional Convention.

Supplementary Report of the Committee on Declaration of Rights —The Judiciary Article Still Under Discussion—Limitation of Debate.

(Special to the Evening Telegraph.)

PHILADELPHIA, May 12, 1873.

At ten o'clock the Constitutional Convention met, President Hon. Wm. M. Meredith in the chair.

God in the Constitution.

Mr. MacConnell, of Allegheny, Chairman of the Committee on Declaration of Rights, submitted a supplementary report respecting petitions referred to the Committee, asking that the Convention embody in its constitution an acknowledgment of Almighty God as the ultimate authority in the civil government; of the Lord Jesus Christ as ruler of the nations; the Bible as the supreme standard of righteous law, &c. As the Committee had embodied in their previous report an acknowledgment of the Almighty God, they are of opinion that a further report on the subject is not necessary, and asked that they be discharged from the consideration of the subject, which was agreed to.

The Judiciary Article.

The Convention then went into Committee of the Whole on the article on the Judiciary, General White in the chair.

The fourth paragraph of the fourteenth section, heretofore published, was considered, with amendments, pending as follows: By Mr. Armstrong.—To insert after word "causes," in twenty-second line, the words "not exceeding three hundred dollars."

Mr. Biddle.—To amend the amendment by making three hundred dollars read one hundred dollars; by striking out thirty in the twenty-second line and inserting fifty; by striking out all after the word "by" in the twenty-third line and inserting the word "district" in twenty-fifth line, and inserting in lieu thereof as follows: "Citizens having qualifications of Justices of the Peace;" by striking out the word "seven" in the twenty-fourth line, and inserting the word "five," and by inserting after the word "city" in the twenty-seventh line, "in manner delegates at large from State to this Convention were voted for." A vote was taken on Mr. Biddle's proposition to strike out three hundred dollars and insert one hundred dollars, and was agreed to; to strike out thirty and insert fifty was lost; the clause "citizens having qualifications of justices," was lost, as was also the motion to strike out the word seven, and insert five, and the last clause providing for the election of these officers was carried.

Mr. Armstrong's amendment as modified was then agreed to.

The section was finally carried as amended: Ayes 44; nays 28.

On motion the Committee rose to sit again in the afternoon. The Convention then took a recess until three o'clock.

Limitation of Debate.

The following is an extract from the notes of the official reporter of the Convention, which was omitted in our report of the proceedings at the time the matter referred to was under discussion:

Mr. J. N. Purviance—Mr. President, I rise to offer a resolution at this time, which I hope will be adopted by the Convention. I offer it with a view of economizing time, and I think the Convention, perhaps, by this time, is satisfied that the debates have been prolonged beyond what is necessary. We should be careful not to lose the public confidence, nor to prejudice our work before the people in advancing by too much discussion, and by a too protracted session. The resolution under which we have been working since 3d of March last, limits the length of speaking any one time, on each proposition, to twenty minutes. The motion was made by Mr. Mann, of Potter, to fix the time at fifteen minutes, and on motion of Mr. Darlington, of Chester, "fifteen minutes" was stricken out and "twenty minutes" inserted, thereby fixing the period at twenty minutes instead of fifteen. Subsequently, on the 30th of April, that resolution was modified by a motion of the gentleman from Columbia, Mr. Buckalew, not changing the time, but allowing a gentleman to continue upon leave being granted by two-thirds of the committee of the whole.

Now, with the view of economizing time in this respect, and on account of the necessity of seeing some end to the work of this Convention, at this time, I think we are prepared to pass the following resolution, which I now offer:

Resolved, That hereafter when the reports of committees are under consideration in Committee of the Whole, no delegate shall speak longer than ten minutes at one time, nor more than once on the same proposition, unless by unanimous consent.

The resolution was read twice and considered.

The President—The Chair will suggest that the phraseology will be improved if it be so changed as to refer to "articles reported by committees." Shall that modification be made?

Mr. J. N. Purviance—Yes, sir.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

FOREIGN.

The Panic on the Vienna Bourse.

All the Money Markets of Europe Disturbed.

The Russian Expedition to Khiva Successful.

ELECTIONS IN FRANCE AND SPAIN.

Disagreement in the French Cabinet Over the Electoral Bill.

AUSTRIA.

The Panic on the Vienna Bourse.

VIENNA, May 12.—The Bourse has not yet recovered from the effects of the panic. No business was done to-day. Divine service, after the form of the Church of England, was publicly held here yesterday, and largely attended by Americans and Englishmen, to whom the use of the Garrison church was granted by the authorities for the purpose. Rev. Mr. Mombert officiated. At the close of the services Minister Jay, speaking for the officiating clergyman, tendered thanks to the Austrian authorities for their kindness and consideration.

[Special to New York Herald.]

LONDON, May 12.—The financial cataclysm in Vienna disturbs all the money markets of Europe, and causes a shrinkage in values on the Vienna Bourse of $160,000,000. The shrinkage in American securities in Germany is estimated at $10,000,000. In London there was serious depression on Saturday, which increased this morning. The market recovered this afternoon, but recent American legislation and the hostile tone of a portion of the American press toward European capitalists occasions general anxiety among investors in American securities.

FRANCE.

A Bonapartist Returned to the Assembly.

PARIS, May 12.—The supplemental election in Rochelle yesterday resulted in the return of a Bonapartist to the National Assembly.

Disagreement Over the Electoral Bill.

PARIS, May 12.—A serious disagreement has arisen in the cabinet over the electoral bill, which is now being prepared for submission to the Assembly. M. Jules Simon and Count De Beaussat are against any change in the present electoral system. M. Leon Say is in favor of the new bill. Mm. Goulard and Dufaure insist that two years domicile be made a condition of voting.

Bribery at an Election.

Charges of bribery are made in connection with the election yesterday at Rochelle, and the seat of the member-elect will be contested.

ITALY.

Rioters Arrested.

ROME, May 12.—The police have arrested twenty persons who participated in the riotous demonstrations on Saturday.

Arrival of the Japanese Embassy.

ROME, May 12.—The Japanese Embassy has arrived here.

The City Quiet.

The city has been quiet since the riotous attempt to intimidate Parliament yesterday. The demonstration is strongly condemned by a large majority of the deputies, and the Government promises vigorous measures to prevent its recurrence.

KHIVA.

Success of the Russian Expedition.

[Special to the N. Y. Herald.]

LONDON, May 12.—Khiva is taken. The troops from Tashkend and Fort No. 1, after concentration in the Bowkan Hills, marched directly across the Kizil Kum Desert to the lower Oxus. There they concentrated with supply steamers from Fort No. 1, thus practically establishing a new base within striking distance of Khiva. This makes the success of further operations a certainty.

SPAIN.

The Elections.

MADRID, May 12.—The voting on Saturday, the first day of the primiary election for the Constituent Cortes, resulted in the choice of one hundred and thirty-eight Federal Republicans, nine Radicals, two Conservatives and one Alfonsist. The final result of the two days' voting will probably be three hundred and fifty Federal Republicans and forty for the opposition.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Republican Conference.

LONDON, May 12.—The Republican Conference at Birmingham to-day adopted a resolution in favor of a Federal Republican form of government for Great Britain.

THE RIVERS.

OBSERVATION, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. A. Pittsburgh, Pa., May 12, 1873.

Daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the 24 hours ending 3 P. M., May 12th, 1873:

	ABOVE LOW WATER.		CHANGES.			
			Rise.		*Fall.*	
	ft.	in.	ft.	in.	ft.	in.
St. Paul	9	2	00	00	00	3
Fort Benton	4	7	00	00	00	00
Omaha	6	8	00	00	00	3
Davenport	10	60	00	00	00	2
Leavenworth	00	00	00	00	00	2
Keokuk	11	00	00	00	1	03
Cairo	35	0	00	10	00	00
St. Louis	22	00	1	5	00	00
Pittsburgh	9	6	00	00	00	00
Cincinnati	38	8	00	11	00	00
Louisville	14	00	00	00	00	3
Memphis	27	9	00	4	00	00
Vicksburg	00	00	00	00	00	00
Shreveport	12	10	00	00	00	00
Nashville	22	7	2	5	00	00
New Orleans	2	11	00	1	00	00
Yankton	60	00	00	00	00	00
Kansas City	10	11	00	4	00	00
Boonville	4	00	00	00	00	00
Lexington	7	10	00	00	00	6
Herman	7	9	00	00	00	00
Marietta	16	00	00	00	00	10
Evansville	8	8	00	00	00	00
New Geneva	9	6	2	00	00	00
Freeport	2	00	00	00	00	4
Oil City	2	10	00	00	00	4
Conflenne	3	0	00	00	00	00
Plattsmouth	19	5	00	00	00	00
Brunswick	19	5	00	00	00	00
Paducah	00	00	00	00	00	00
Jefferson	10	10	00	00	00	00

JAS. B. MURRAY,
Observer Sig. Serv. U. S. Army.

The tow boat Wm. Cowen was burnt at Grand Tower Friday evening. She was built at Pittsburgh in 1870 at a cost of $53,000, and was worth nearly $50,000 when burnt. No insurance. She had two barges of coal in tow for the St. Louis Gas Company, which were saved by being cut loose. The Cowen lies in seven feet of water. In twelve minutes from the time the fire was discovered the chimneys fell down, and the boat was entirely consumed. No one was hurt with the boat, and the crew had all they could do to get off alive. Nothing is visible but a part of her wheel. The fire originated some place over the boilers, but from what cause no one can tell.

EVANSVILLE, May 12.—Clear and warm; mercury 58 to 76. River risen 2 feet. Wind from the south. Down—Sam Roberts and barges, 11 P. M.; Warner and barges, 7 A. M.; Arlington, 10; Thomas Sherlson, 11; Camella and Lawrence, 12; Mary Ament, 2 P. M.; Arkansas Belle, 6 P. M. Up—Robert E. Lee, 3 A. M.; Quickstep, 6; Dick Fulton and barges, 7; Fayette, Morning Star and Sam Brown, 11; Geo. Roberts, 12; Pat Rogers, 3:30; Bowling Green, 5—generally with fair to good trips. Business light.

LOUISVILLE, May 12.—Arrived—Gen. Lytle, Cincinnati; Sandy, Leavenworth; Mollie Ebert and Alaska, St. Louis; Charmer, Evansville; Grey Eagle, Henderson. Departed—Gen. Lytle, Ben. Franklin, Alaska and Grey Eagle, Cincinnati; Sandy, Leavenworth; Tarascon, Henderson; Mollie Ebert, Pittsburgh. River rising; canal 15 feet 3 inches, Indian chute 13 feet 3 inches. Weather fair.

MEMPHIS, 12.—Clear and warm. River rising slowly. Arrived—Pat Cleburne, White River; Diamond and barges, Louisville; St. Joseph, St. Louis. Departed—Sam Hale, John A. Wood and barges, and Mary Houston, New Orleans; Lady Lee, Red River; Mary Rose, St. Louis. Dispatches from Vicksburg state that the steamer Jno. Kyle has been raised, having received but trifling damage.

NEW ORLEANS, May 12.—Arrived—Chas. Rodman, Cincinnati; Belle Lee, Louisville; James Howard and Pauline Carroll, St. Louis; Ashland, Arkansas river. Departed—S. C. Yeager, St. Louis; Carrie V. Kountz, Arkansas river. Clear and warm.

NASHVILLE, May 12.—River rising slowly; 12 feet large on Harpeth Shoals. Arrived—Lumsden, from Cairo; Silver Thorn, from Evansville; Albion, from the Ohio river. Departed—Lumsden, for Cairo; Silver Thorn, for Evansville; Albion, for Ohio river.

CAIRO, May 12.—Arrived—Simpson Horner, Vicksburg, 6 P. M. Departed—Ada Heilman, Nashville, 1 A. M.; Falls Pilot, Louisville, 1 P. M.; Rover, Pomeroy, 1; Thompson Dean, New Orleans, 5; W. H. Brown, St. Louis, 7. River risen 12 inches. Clear and warm.

—The boiler at the Pendleton car stables in Cincinnati, exploded on Monday afternoon, killing a horse and scalding and injuring slightly two men. The boiler shot up fifty feet in the air and plunged and fell back on the roof.

WEATHER REPORT.

Probabilities for To-Day.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, May 13, 1873, A. M.

For the Middle States and lower lakes, falling barometer, southerly and south-easterly winds, followed by lower temperature, partly cloudy weather and occasional local rains.

For New England and Canada, falling barometer, southwesterly winds, increasing cloudiness and possibly rain.

For the Gulf and south Atlantic States, southerly and southwesterly winds, rising temperature and partly cloudy weather.

For the northwest and upper lakes, and thence to Kentucky and Missouri, northeasterly to northwesterly winds, falling temperature, clearing and clear weather.

Cautionary signals continue at Duluth, Chicago, Milwaukee and Grand Haven.

Reports are missing from west of the Mississippi river.

KANSAS.

The Bender Murders—Intense Excitement of the People—Three More Graves Discovered.

PARSONS, May 12.—Col. Boudenot, who has just returned from the scene of the Bender murders, reports three more graves discovered yesterday. Over three thousand people were on the ground, and a special train had just arrived with seven cars filled with people. There was intense excitement all over the country, and a firm determination to ferret out the parties engaged in the murders. It is understood large rewards will be offered by the county and State for the arrest of the assassins. Nearly all the bodies of the dead had been recently mutilated. It is considered certain that the little girl was thrown alive into the grave of her father, as no marks of violence were found on her body.

THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Proceedings

COMMON PLEAS.—JUDGES STOWE AND COLLIER.

Isabella Sharp et al., vs. Frederick Seitz and Anna Barbara Seitz. Action in ejectment for land near Sharpsburgh. On trial.

Jno. Doris vs. S. Johnson et al. Action on promissory notes. Verdict for plaintiff for $1,100.

A petition was presented asking for an amendment to the charter of the Union Building Loan Association.

Motions were made for new trials in the cases of Joseph Newton et al. vs. Joseph Fleming, and the Christian Radical Publishing Company vs. Nicholas Snyder.

A petition was presented by Mr. T. J. Bigham asking for his discharge as trustee of the estate of Mary M. Brackenridge, deceased. A rule was issued to show cause why the discharge should not be granted.

Trial List for To-day.

23. Miller vs. Etunessy.
210. McKinney vs. Wood et al.
51. Flon vs. Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. Co.
52. Strain vs. McKee.
57. Carrier vs. Ross Oil Co.
58. Bell vs. same.
59. Gibson vs. Massey et al.
60. Stuart for use vs. Keyser.
63. Tanner et al. vs. City of Allegheny et al.
65. Gross et al. vs. Wormley et al.
66. Fowler vs. Mulhollen et al.
67. Miller & Ellis vs. Clinton.
68. Hoehn vs. Itzel.
69. Herrman vs. Hageman et al.
70. Haegh for use vs. McKee.

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGES HAMPTON AND KIRKPATRICK.

The only case on trial in this court yesterday was that of Annie B. Druitt vs. Wm. J. Kane, before Judge Hampton. It is a feigned issue to determine the ownership of a drug store, located at the corner of Montgomery avenue and Federal street, Allegheny City. It will be resumed this morning. Judge Kirkpatrick will not commence business in his branch until next Monday.

Trial List for To-day.

1. H. C. English vs. W. D. McMartin.
190. Annie E. Hunter et. al. vs. Trustees of Hopewell Church.
16. Horner & Debelt vs. Alex. King et. al.
17. Same vs. Same.
11. Same vs. Same.
18. Same vs. Same.
19. Same vs. Same.
20. Same vs. Same.
4. City of Allegheny vs. Wm. Chambers.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT—JUDGE M'KENNAN.

Yesterday morning the May term of this Court opened. The list of cases was called and a number continued by consent.

The first case on trial was that of Florence Kramer, et al., doing business under the firm name of Work, McCouch & Co. This case came up from the District Court on a bill in equity of the bankruptcy proceedings in which the parties named were debtors, with the view of securing the reversal of the decree of the District Court granting the parties final discharge under the bankrupt act. Judge McKennan reversed the decree of the District Court and granted the injunction.

A preliminary injunction was refused in the case of Col. E. A. L. Roberts, vs. Dickey, *et al.* (See elsewhere.)

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE MCCANDLESS.

Yesterday morning the case of the U. S., vs. Samuel Williams indicted for stealing letters from the Post Office was again taken up. After the examination of witnesses for the prosecution, Mr. R. M. Gibson opened for the defence, and when he concluded witnesses were called to prove that letters were frequently cut in tying them together in packages. The case is still on trial.

An intervening libel was filed against the steamboat, Venture, by Archie Stewart.

Venire of twenty-three grand and five petit, jurors was ordered for the June term of the District and Circuit Courts at Williamsport, beginning on the third Monday of June.

J. S. Adams was allowed to file intervening libels against the steamboats "Lioness" No. 2, "Storm" and "Charley McDonald."

The Court made an order directing the payment of one dollar per day to Samuel Kelly, a boy, who has been detained in jail for eighty days past as a witness in the case of the U. S. vs. D. W. Gilbert and Boston Buck.

BREVITIES.

—A colored man named Johnson had his jaw fractured on Sunday night at Moffatt's brick works by being kicked by a mule.

—The construction of a new sewer on Pasture street, from Elm to Fulton, in the Seventh and Eighth wards, was commenced yesterday morning.

—Mrs. Hill and Mr. Mowatt will address a temperance meeting in the Central Presbyterian Church, Anderson street, Allegheny this Tuesday evening at 7:30.

—James Rafferty, of Clarion, was sentenced to the penitentiary for five years, on Friday last, convicted of burning the saw mill of Thomas Payne, in August, 1871.

—The Boards of managers of the Episcopal church home have elected the following ladies as officers for the ensuing year: President—Miss Anna M. Scull; Secretary—Miss Martha B. Rakewell; Treasurer—Miss Indiana Trader.

—The third anniversary of the Allegheny County Prison Society will be held this morning at 10 o'clock, in the Young Men's Christian Association Rooms, corner Sixth Street and Penn avenue. Contributors are hereby invited to attend.

—Among the victims of the bridge disaster at Dixon, Illinois, on Sunday, May 4th, were Mrs. William Cook and Miss Wilhelm, formerly of Bedford and Somerset counties respectively. They were thrown in the water beneath the network of the bridge and were drowned before assistance reached them.

—Officer Neil McFadden, last evening arrested two men named Thomas Ward and Thomas Berry, at the corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street. They were locked up at the Central station.

The officer stated that a serious charge will be made against them this morning, but he would not state of what nature.

—The following named gentlemen were chosen as officers of the Iron and Glass Savings Bank of the South Side: President—T. B. Aiter; Directors—Jos. Karling, Edw. Mayo, John Adams, Dan'l. Wenke, F. Baxmeyer, J. C. McCutcheon, H. M. Rolf, J. H. Swett, Edw. Hogan, John Philips; Cashier—H. Stamm; Teller—D. Krimthal.

—The stockholders of the Monongahela Water Company of the South Side held their annual meeting yesterday morning, when the following officers were chosen: President, M. W. Watson; Directors—Frank Jones, C. J. Schultze, Alex. Chambers, T. B. Attebury, John Phillips, H. Henrici, James Marshall. Superintendent—G. Stengel. Treasurer—E. Moye.

—Yesterday morning United States Marshal Hall sold the steamboats Lioness No. 2, Storm and Venture, belonging to J. V. McDonald, which had been ordered to be sold by the United States Court. The Lioness No. 2 was sold to W. H. Brown for $27,500. The Storm was purchased by Captain J. P. Smith for $11,100, and the Venture was sold to Captain Dravo for $3,500.

—Rowdyism was rampant in Connellsville, Pa., last Saturday night. There are no policemen on duty in that lively village now, and the roughs manage affairs in accordance with their own ideas. It is said that one man was shot and slightly injured, while another was badly beaten about the head with a billy and then dragged into an old house, where he was found on Sunday morning.

—Last night about twelve o'clock officer Goddard brought to the Central lock up, a man named Thomas McGowan, who had received pretty bad usage, his head being badly cut and bruised. He stated he was drunk and had just come from Washington city, that he was a tailor by trade, and that some one had struck him with a club, but he would not tell who, though he said he knew the party.

—Yesterday Mr. E. D. Nettleton, freight agent of the Allegheny Valley Railroad made an information before Mayor Blackmore against Frank Cramer, John Worcel and John Dillon, mentioned as having been arrested in a stable in yesterday's GAZETTE. He charges them with the larceny of three accordeons and a box of bitters, which he alleges were taken from the freight depot of the company. The defendants gave bail for a hearing. They claim they can prove their innocence of the charges.

A Very Easy Matter.

to pay for a Weed Sewing Machine on the monthly payment plan—116 Market street.

$9.50

WILL BUY

A GOOD BUSINESS SUIT

AT THE

BOSTON ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

95 SMITHFIELD STREET,

SIGN THE "HUB."

☞ Advertisements on this page under the several heads of "Wanted," "For Sale," "To Let," &c., will be inserted at transient rates only. TEN CENTS PER LINE for each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than FIFTY CENTS

WANTS.

WANTED.—AN UNMARRIED MAN competent to act as Officer and Teacher in the Pennsylvania Reform School. Also, a Matron. Satisfactory references required. For further particulars apply to the Superintendent, at the Lost Valley until Tuesday, the 20th inst. R. N. AVERY, Sup't. my12 4

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE FAMILY to adopt a healthy male child, one month old. Apply at office of the Directors of the Poor, City Hall, Allegheny. myl2 nl

WANTED—A TRAVELING AGENT from a Pittsburgh Manufacturing Co. by a reliable and responsible man of good habits with record unquestionable, who has recently sold his store and proposes to retire chiefly on account of health, is familiar with the glass trade. None but a first-class House need apply. Salary $1,200 per month.

Address, with reference, GLASS, BRITTON, Pequa, Ohio.

WANTED—BOARDERS.—ACCOMMODATIONS for a few day Boarders can be obtained at No. 50 Arch street, Allegheny. my10:m87

WANTED—A BAKER—ONE WHO understands the bakery business can find a permanent employment by applying immediately to Mrs. L. ROBINSON, Brownsville, Fayette county, Pa. my19 n84

TO LET.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS WITH Boarding. Inquire at 134 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh. my13 n7

TO LET—ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE residences on Park street, near East Liberty Station. The house is an Elegant Frame, of 8 Rooms, Large Hall, well furnished throughout. The grounds are handsomely planted with shrubbery and choice fruit trees. For terms, &c., apply at A. KNIPSCHILD, No. 174 Grant street. mh27:83

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR RENT, CORNER FRONT and Tank streets, Beaver Falls, Pa., a dwelling containing 12 rooms and store room attached, with counters, &c. A good business site. Rent eighteen dollars per month. For terms of sale enquire of WM. HARRISON, at Welch Scales, in front of door. my13

FOR SALE.—A CHOICE NEW, WELL BUILT Brick Dwelling House of ten (10) rooms and finished attic, with a large lot of ground, near railroad station at Iron-stead. Will be sold for $4,000, and on easy terms. This is a great bargain. S. C. CUTHBERT, 209 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—ALL THAT CERTAIN Lot of Ground and premises, on the corner of Scotton avenue and West Diamond street, city of Allegheny, 60 feet front on Scotton avenue, and running back along West Diamond street 240 feet to Park Way. For terms of sale inquire of DAVID W. BELL, No. 144 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. my8:m71

FOR SALE — 44 FEET ON WOOD street, next door but the corner of Fourth; Nos. 54 and 56, will be sold together or separate. Apply to J. D. STUART, Monongahela House. my27:88

FOR SALE.—JUDSON'S IMPROVED ENGINE GOVERNORS, the best in use. A full stock always on hand. Liberal discount to Engine Builders. W. B. COCHRAN & CO., 131 Liberty street. my27

FOR SALE.—JOHN M. COOPER'S STEAM PUMPS. For all purposes for which Steam Pumps can be used. Are superior to any used. BOILER FEED PUMPS guaranteed to pump from 50 to 512 Gallons per minute. Send for circular and price list. Manufactory and Office, 482 Penn street. JOHN M. COOPER.

FOR SALE.—GOLDEN WEDDING AND FAMILY CIRCLE WHISKY, fresher in bond, all ages to suit the trade. Each barrel shown by Government stamp its age.

JOSEPH FINCH & CO., 189 First avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—2 GOO

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

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OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

TERMS FOR 1873.

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WEEKLY GAZETTE.

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Give full address, postoffice, county and State, also, nearest express office, in order that there may be no mistake in forwarding papers.

Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—Daily or Weekly—will, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies free of charge.

KING, REED & CO.

TUESDAY, MAY 13, 1873.

BONDS at Frankfort 85½.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 40½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 117¼@117⅜.

BOSS TWEED is to have another trial. Fifteen indictments are to be pleaded to.

WE ARE promised a series of letters from Colorado, by Major Dennison, formerly County Treasurer, who made a lengthy visit to that region last year, and whose letters our readers doubtless remember.

THE Emperor William came near losing his life while reviewing some troops at St. Petersburg. A fanatical priest, it is said, fired a pistol shot at him, but, fortunately, with very poor aim. Another report, however, pronounces the first statement incorrect.

THE detectives have discovered enough evidence against Michael Kercher, to warrant his arrest, on charge of murdering Lizzie Mess, at Saltsburg. He is said to have been making preparations to go back to Germany, a fact which has hastened his arrest.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to know if the time within which a soldier can make application to the Government for a pension has been extended over the term of five years. It has not. The bill introduced extending the term passed the House, but not the Senate.

THE New York *World* insists that General McClellan shall not be permitted to resign his $10,000 a year as Engineer of Docks at New York, but, on the contrary allowed to follow the counsel of his own sweet will. It does not wish him to be "hampered by lack of money or ignorant counsel,"—all of which means that he shall continue to parallel toward those terrible docks.

YESTERDAY the final obsequies over the body of Chief Justice Chase, took place at the national capital, Rev. O. H. Tiffany, of the Metropoliton M. E. Church, pronouncing the funeral oration. The expression of affection and respect toward the dead statesman and jurist, has been general and earnest. We are gratified that the President has determined to defer the appointment of his successor till fall. It is well to check unseemly haste in such matters.

SENATOR SUMNER has been granted a divorce from his wife on the ground of desertion. It will be remembered that almost from the time of his marriage, a few years ago, rumors of incompatibility began to be current. At last his wife proceeded to Venice, the "city of the sea," and now resides there. When Mr. Sumner was in Europe, last year, he visited Venice, and doubtless with a view to the peaceable arrangement of his domestic difficulties. The divorce was doubtless concurred in by both the parties in interest, as, while Mrs. Sumner was represented in court, there was no contest.

THE result of the election in Spain is to determine the character of the Government. The federalists have an overhelming majority, and, hence, a Federal Republic is what may be looked for. This is vastly better than the cultivation of the idea that there can be a number of independent principalities, each practically free. The doctrine of States' rights and secession, so earnestly maintained by the Kentucky Democracy in this country, has no place in the Spanish mind. A Federal Government, to which the provinces shall be subsidiary, is their theory, and it is practical and wise.

IF WE may trust a Washington dispatch of yesterday, the President is disposed to make short work with the Louisiana troubles, should Kellogg take such action as will place affairs legally in his hands. It has been quite conclusively demonstrated already that Kellogg is entirely incapable of managing the troublesome elements around him, and the surprise is that he has not made an explicit call on the National Government for aid. Should he do so, it is intimated that a Presidential proclamation will be issued, calling on the McEnery faction to submit to the law, and failing to do so, the most energetic measure will be taken to compel order. The President and the people generally, are tired of this Louisiana difficulty.

CAPTAIN I. I. HAYES, who, it will be remembered, earnestly contested with Dr. Hall for the honor of commanding the Polaris expedition, intimates that Dr. Hall was killed. The idea of death from apoplexy is scouted as unreasonable. Dr. Hall was not inclined to apoplexy, and it is claimed that death from this disease has never been known in those high latitudes. His leaving the vessel, in company with others, is thought to have been occasioned by disagreements between him and Captain Buddington, and his death afterward is suspicioned against the party with him. The theory thus raised seems very plausible, and will help account for the failure of the Polaris to rescue the people on the ice. It will be remembered that there was trouble on the Polaris, while she lay at Disco, and that the Captain of the Congress was compelled to intervene to settle it. Altogether, this entire expedition seems to have been particularly unfortunate, and it may well be questioned whether further expenditures should be made in solving a problem of little practical value.

THE WARD SCHOOLS.

We are gratified to learn, that at the meeting of the Central Board, to-day, a report will be submitted, in favor of a higher grade for the Ward Schools. We regret to hear, however, that some of the principals and teachers of the Ward Schools are opposed to the recommendations in the report, and are secretly working to have the grade of Ward Schools lowered. We most earnestly and respectfully urge the Central Board to adopt the report of the Committee, if it is as we indicate. The GAZETTE, in its series of articles on the High School, had for its leading object this very reform now proposed; and while a few parties, some from misapprehension, and others from ignorant malevolence, chose to find fault with us, we strongly urged improvement in the grade of the Ward Schools. The advantages, in part, are, that the children, many of whom cannot, because of the necessity of seeking employment early, go to the High School, will receive an advanced education at the Ward Schools, those who enter the High School can save time. Or if, after a time, the course of study at the High School be advanced, the time now spent there will carry a child farther in study than it now does. We are surprised that a teacher or a principal in a ward school should object to the proposed change. Such opposition will be naturally interpreted to spring either from hostility to the High School or incapacity. Either motive is contemptible. We have said plain things to the Faculty of the High School; and we take this occasion to remind the Ward School Principals that they have long been suspected of hostility to the High School. It is even said that Mr. Dean was excessively annoyed by this during his term, and that now it is rarely the case that a Ward School Principal visits the Cliff street institution. Further, that its work, as an educational institution, is ceaselessly criticised and depreciated.

Fair criticism is just. We have indulged some, and do not blame teachers if they see faults, for mentioning them, in a proper spirit, and at the right time and place. But if they do not visit the institution occasionally, they are not competent to criticise. The complaint is not that they criticise fairly, but that they indulge a spirit of fault finding that is entirely improper. They should remember that the Ward Schools are supporters of the High School,—and that all these form a system of city public school education. It will be just as proper for the faculty of the High School to go about criticising unmercifully the Ward Schools, as for the Ward School Principals to play the critic toward the High School. There ought to be harmony, friendliness, and a generous rivalry between the different members of our educational body, rather than a hypercritical spirit.

We will also remind our city teachers that they are not superior to criticism. We have looked through a number of Ward Schools, and have met nearly the entire body of Principals and teachers. Their merits and demerits are tolerably well known to us. While we believe them faithful and devoted, as a class, to the duties of their profession, we do not accord to all the credit of being remarkable, either in breadth of mind or gentleness of spirit. Technically, they may comprehend the various studies required to be taught, but aside from this, some are not very wonderfully furnished. We mention these things generally—admitting that they are exceptions, merely as a hint that it may not prove wise for the ward principals to obstruct the purposes of the Board of Control. We have repeatedly stated our view, that the tendency of education in this country is toward the practical, and hence is continually progressive. We believe not only that the grade of education should be elevated from time to time, but that new features should occasionally be introduced. New text books will, of necessity, supplant the old; and text books of an entirely original character, and on subjects not now taught, will be brought out. The day is gone by when teachers, having learned technical forms, can vegetate for the balance of their lives. The grading up period has come, and they must wake up or be supplanted.

SOUND THE WARNING.

The GAZETTE, several days since, gave warning of possible combinations to control the State Convention of the Republican party in the interest of certain cliques, and urged the danger of this course. We find our warning reiterated by the better element among the Republican press, and thoroughly sustained by such journals as are only interested in the success of the Republican party and its principles. Yet we notice that there are those who would be cloud a monitory suggestion, by intimating that it can only originate in interested motives. To all such, we may say that the GAZETTE proprietors are not, and do not propose to be candidates for any office whatever. Their views of journalism lead them to maintain a disinterested position, as regards office-holding, in order that they may unprejudicedly advocate such views as may best promote the interests of the party at large. The GAZETTE has too long, and too faithfully advocated Republican principles to be swerved from its course now. Yet it is entirely free to warn the party of a coming danger. We do not know that our warning is timely enough, as several Conventions have been held already, and delegates to Harrisburg selected. In counties where they are yet to be held, we urge the selection of a pure delegation, and one that shall be unpledged. We hope, by this means, a class of nominations will be made at Harrisburg that will command the undivided support of the party. If not, certain defeat will be the result. We commend the following from the *Evening Telegraph* of Friday, as in the line of our suggestions:

It is perfectly well known to all men of ordinary intelligence, that the last State election was carried beeause of the fear that the loss of Penn-sylvania would demoralize the national canvass, and jeopardize the Presidential ticket. Thousands of active and earnest Republicans worked like beavers for the State ticket, who would not have stretched a finger to have saved it from defeat, had they not believed that such a result would have been disastrous to the Republican cause in the great contest that followed. But in the coming canvass there will be nothing to preserve the candidates from defeat but their own merits. If they are "trained" men—or men who are unqualified to fill the position with credit to themselves and honor to the State, or men known to be allied to the corrupt cliques and rings that seem to have got possession of the party machinery, they will be defeated. The great body of Republicans are tired of the thraldom of the party, and are determined that it shall be purified and elevated—that it shall be relieved of the incubus that rests upon it in Pennsylvania, even if it has to be accomplished by the defeat of the candidates that may be foisted upon it by these corrupt managers.

The idea that fidelity to Republican principles involves the endorsement of any and all kinds of trickery, by means of which corrupt nominations are made, at times, is now quite obsolete. It happens at times, that it is a choice of evils, to sustain known corruption in the party, or an equal amount of evil out of the party. The various "reform" movements attempted of late years have failed just at this point. They have been, at the outset, quite as weak and corrupt as the movements they professedly sought to correct. As nearly as we can judge, and we are receiving expressions by which we can very accurately gauge public sentiment, the disposition now, is not to make rival, or reform nominations, but, if a corrupt Republican ticket is nominated, to let it go by default, as did the Democrats their State ticket last fall. It is thought that such a course will be a warning to those who will persist in foisting upon the party corrupt nominations.

In saying these things, we do not desire an occasion to arise for the people thus to rebuke assumed leaders. On the other hand, we hope for right and proper nominations, which can be earnestly supported by all. Yet we are not blind to the fact that the air is full of rumors of combinations that are undeniably corrupt, and which will certainly be defeated, if carried out. We do not say that these rumors are correct, either in part or whole, yet the fact that they are in circulation is a sufficient reason for a warning against them. It may also be said that they are not altogether unlikely, despite denials made. That they may have been allowed to float out, in order to test public sentiment, is possible. If so, we can very plainly state what that sentiment is. It is, 1. That the people in this State want no "ring" nominations, be they good or bad. 2. They want no trading nominations. 3. They do not desire to promote, as incidental to the State nominations, William B. Mann, William Elliott, or any of that crowd. And 4. They do want men who will represent the purer and better elements of the party,—men of ability and without reproach.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says that the Administration is unable to understand why Kellogg does not make a requisition for Federal troops. As soon as a requisition is made, the President will issue a proclamation in the most positive language, admonishing the citizens of Louisiana to peace, dispersing the McEnery Government, and proclaiming the Kellogg assumption as the lawful Government, and announcing the intention of the Executive to sustain the Kellogg Government with the whole military force of the country if necessary. The proclamation is to be accompanied with an order to send all available troops to report to Gen. Emory at New Orleans. The proclamation will be in such language that it will be susceptible of no doubtful meaning.

JOHN G. DALTON, charged with having shot and killed, Thomas Wallace, at Blains' Falls, Lawrence county, Kentucky, July 24, 1871, was arrested in St. Louis on Sunday, at the instance of George Castle, son-in-law of Wallace.

VARIOUS ITEMS.

FIVE thousand panes of glass were broken in Cambridge City, O., by a recent hail-storm.

MORTIMER, the condemned murderer in San Francisco, has made four "attempts" at suicide. He says he is insane.

FORT SMITH, Arkansas, has a woman blacksmith, who can throw a mule and shoe him in fifteen minutes by the clock.

A DISPATCH from Berlin states that the report that an attempt was made to assassinate the Emperor at St. Petersburg is without foundation.

JOHN C. DIMMICK, a lawyer of New York, committed suicide at his residence in Bloomingberg, on Saturday, by shooting. He was affected with dyspepsia in an aggravated form.

A GREEK banker has bought the city of Parge, situated on the Adriatic, half way between Corfu and the Greek mainland, with its territory, double harbor, fort, and 4,000 inhabitants.

ONE hundred and ninety daily papers have been started in New York during the last twenty years. Of these one hundred have died after a brief existence, resulting in a loss of about $25,000,000.

AT Madison, Indiana, on Sunday, the flouring mill of Scott Pridnle was burned; loss $12,000; insured for $7,000. The paper mill of Maurville & Carr was also burned; loss $8,000 or $10,000; insured for $7,400.

THE New York *Graphic* says the genius of journalism consists in knowing what not to print, and the silence of a paper is sometimes more helpful to the community and more serviceable to justice than anything it prints.

THE *Churchman* computes that, while the increase of membership in the Methodist Church during the year 1872 was four per cent. of the total number of communicants, the increase in the Protestant Episcopal Church during the same time was six per cent.

THE Secretary of the Navy has telegraphed to the United States Consul at St. John's, to inform the department of the best means to bring the survivors of the Polaris to Washington. If no other conveyance is presented, the Government will dispatch a steamer to the bay of Roberts.

ABOUT three weeks ago, a woman was received at the Cottage Hospital of Minneapolis, afflicted with a disease like delirium tremens caused by alcoholic drinks, but which in her case arose from the use of opium. She is said to be the daughter of a respectable New York physician.

JOSEPH ORMSBY, of the firm of Ormsby & Co., manufacturing jewelers of New York, on Monday morning lost his carpet bag containing $15,000 worth of jewelry, diamonds, &c., in Rochester, N. Y. The bag was in the custody of the proprietors of the Osborne Hotel, and was delivered to the thief by the clerk through mistake.

A LETTER from Samana Bay says that the sovereignty of the Peninsula was formally ceded to the Company on April 1st. Their representative, Gov. Jobers, promptly made such changes as were necessary. Walter A. Price was made Collector of the port, and a police force was organized under Capt. Joseph Wright.

"BLACK BESS," the beautiful mare with which Leo Hudson has been playing Mazeppa in different parts of the country, fell from the staging at the Grand Opera House in St. Louis, on Saturday night, falling about fourteen feet, and received injuries from which she died. Miss Hudson was also badly bruised, but not seriously injured.

THE Young Men's Christain Association of Kansas City has decided to purchase a quantity of rock and some hammers, and when young men apply for work and say, as most of them do, that they are willing to do *anything*, give them a job of breaking stone,—the Association depending on selling the same to the city for macadamizing the streets.

CORRESPONDENTS of the London press concur in representing the Pope as a very bad patient, and as insisting on carrying his infallibility into the question of the sick-room treatment,—refusing to remain in bed when his physician would have him do so, and absolutely rebelling in the matter of wearing flannel and keeping himself covered with the bedclothes.

A YOUNG Hindoo has just entered the Methodist Theological School at Boston, with the purpose of qualifying himself for missionary work among his native people. He writes home to his parents that, so far as he has had an opportunity of judging, he finds the Americans a pleasant set of savages, with an inordinate propensity for picking up any loose change lying around.

DR. MACKENZIE BACON has published the results of his inquiries into the misuse of the phrase "softening of the brain," and the habits of physicians of associating the term with a certain degree of fatuity, or declining intelligence. Dr. Bacon says that of all the cases received into his asylum with this diagnosis, in not a single one was such lesion of the brain found to exist on post-mortem examination.

M. TISSANDIER states that in a late balloon ascension from Paris he reached a height of 6,500 feet above the earth, where, having passed through layers of clouds, he found a bright, sunlit sky, and a temperature of from 63 to 63 degrees Fahr. When descending and re-entering the clouds, which were in a highly electric state, the temperature decreased to 27 degrees and the balloon was surrounded by small crystals of ice.

A. H. SMITH, of Coleman county, TEXAS, is a mighty Nimrod in his particular line, which is wolves. He kills the animals by seasoning the dead cattle on the prairies with strychnine,—a condiment of which the wolf is remarkably fond. He thus makes a nine-strike every time; at least we judge so from the fact that he recently shipped to St. Louis 800 pelts in one lot, and proposes to keep up the trade until the stock of dead cattle gives out.

IT is believed that Brigham Young will resign the presidency of the church during the present session. His bishopric is a large one, not confined to the 171 churches of Utah Territory, but extended across the sea, and in England and Wales is absolute over eighty-six church organizations, embracing a representation of over 40,000 latter-day saints, besides affording a depot of emigration for recruits in the West and a centre of proselytism across the water.

A DIABOLICAL murder was committed at a beer garden in Memphis on Sunday. James Kirkpatrick, a quiet, peaceable citizen, was standing near the gate, when a drunken man named John Thomas got out of a cab, and, approaching Kirkpatrick, remarked, "D—n you, I'll kill you," and plunged a knife into his heart. No words had passed between them, but it appears that Thomas had been trying to raise a row at another garden, and had been driven away. After killing Kirkpatrick he defied any one to arrest him, but officers soon seized him and lodged him in jail.

A HEATHEN CHINAMAN astonished St. Louis on Sunday by appearing upon the streets in the most elaborate custom of a St. Louis dandy. "As he walked," says the St. Louis reporter, "along the street, the envy of his white emulators of fashion, he seemed imperial in his pride. He had even discarded his tail, for his hair was cut in true "Melcan" style, and he wore a stovepipe hat. His compatriots are said to have regarded with disdain one who would forsake the tail of his country; but if we wait long enough, and it will not be very long, we shall find them all doing the same thing.

A SPECIAL dispatch from New York to the *Inter Ocean* says that it is charged and believed in that city that Truesdell obtained the contract for building the bridge at Dixon, Illinois, which fell Sunday, by bribery. It is said he bought four of the eight Aldermen of the city at prices ranging from $300 to $500 each. The names of E. Baker and H. B. Becker are given as having received $300 and $400 respectively, and the transactions are said to have been effected through H. H. Dickson. Mr. Raker was at one time postmaster of Dixon, and he is the father of Irene Baker, who is reported as among the killed. If this story is true, Baker has met with a woful judgment in the killing of his own daughter.

A SAGE Piute has enlightened a Nevada newspaper writer as to his plan for disposing of the Modocs. He said that it was "no good" to fight them with guns, and that the way the Piutes would fix them would be to inform them that they wanted to have a big talk with them. Then when they came to have the talk all would be seated in a circle, each Piute with a Modoc at his left hand. Each Piute would manage to have a big stone within reach or in his pocket. The big talk would proceed until a signal was given, when each Piute would seize hold of the right wrist of his Modoc neighbor with his left hand, and then with his right would grasp his rock and smash in the Modoc's skull. "No gun, no knife," said he, "kill 'em all with rock."

A SINGULAR story comes from Kentucky. One morning last month a young girl was found by her parents in her bed, insensible from the effects of chloroform, tied hands and feet with the sheet, and wound up in the bed clothes. On the window was a piece of paper, on which was scrawled several mysterious intimations, including these: "I me hired to do the job, and cum lots of miles, but yer looked like an angel and I can't do it; but some one will, for the villains have found out yer whereabouts and will kill yer for yer fortune what is left yer by a feller that yer befriended when he was on the cars sick, he died and left all he had to yer if yer was alive on the first of June, if yer was dead it was to go to two other fellers." The perpetrator ought to be caught, if only that he may be sent to school.

THE leading salt manufactories in the United States are situated in New York and Michigan. Last year the Onondaga Salt Springs of New York did not produce as largely as during previous years, the yield being less than the average of the preceding five seasons. The inspections were less by nearly half a million bushels than in 1861. The amount of salt marketed from Onondaga last year was 7,562,629 bushels. From the Saginaw region in Michigan the returns are, that this year the production of salt will be largely increased, and the operators are preparing for a heavier trade than ever. There are many other salt springs in the United States producing smaller quantities than these chief ones, and salt is also made at points on the Florida and Gulf coasts. To supply the country, in addition to the home production, a very large importation of salt is also made, coming chiefly from Turks Island, West Indies.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1852.

ASSETS January 1, 1873 - $778,251 56

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c. furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, J. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz Christopher Zug.

John H. Halley, Solicitor.

PERSONAL.

THE dutiful Alexis will soon greet his imperial progenitor.

SENATOR SUMNER has obtained a divorce from his wife—five years desertion.

RALPH WALDO EMERSON and his party are now travelling leisurely in Wales.

THE city of Cincinnati will probably erect a monument over the remains of the late Chief Justice Chase.

THE fittings of Miss Cushman's villa at Newport will surpass in elegance any other establishment in the place.

MRS. STENHOUSE says she once knew a Mormon with twelve wives, who was obliged to ask for lodging in a station-house.

MME. PATTI is having great success at the Vienna Opera House. The receipts from her audiences have averaged 25,000 francs.

GILBERT HAVEN, one of the new Bishops of the Methodist Church, adopts the local diocesan Episcopal designation, and travels as "the Bishop of Atlanta."

UNITED STATES Senators Thomas F. Bayard, of Delaware, and Eugene Casserly, of California, are in Virginia, inspecting the James River and Kanawh aCanal.

HORATIO STONE, of Washington, is at work upon a bust of James Brooks, which will be finished in a few weeks. He took a cast of Mr. Brooks' face last Friday.

A PORTRAIT of the Revolutionary General John Sullivan has been presented to the State of New Hampshire by his decendant and namesake, a prominent physician of Boston.

EMMA FELKNER, a young and handsome actress connected with a Vienna theatre, recently quarreled with her lover, a banker, took strychnine in his presence, and died in great torture.

CAPTAIN GEORGE KNIGHT fifty-five years ago took charge of the first steamer that ran between Boston and Portland, Me., and he has continued in the same line up to the present time.

JUDGE NATHAN CLIFFORD, the oldest Justice of the United States Supreme Court, and who has been on the Bench the greatest number of years, arrived at his home in Maine from Washington on Wednesday.

DR. KNICKERBOCKER, surgeon in the United States army, and stationed at the Oglethorpe barracks, Savannah, has been tried by court martial and sentenced to dismissal from the service, for conduct unbecoming an officer.

MONSIGNOR BATAILLON, Bishop of Noumea, is on his way, with other missionaries, to New Caledonia, to convert the Communist convicts, who, in 1871, marked him for a death which he marvelously escaped.

JEANNE D'ARC, Queen Victoria, and the Mother of Washington went through Oshkosh the other day, en route to the lunatic asylum. They were accompanied by three car-loads of equally distinguished persons, and by quite a number of physicians who paid them the greatest respect.

M. THIERS possesses in his collection of pictures a small canvass, some few inches square, which may, with the frame, be worth 20f., for which he gave 8,000f., having bought it in 1864 as a Ruysdael. It has, however, paid its expenses over and over again, for, whenever M. Thiers feels tempted to buy a work of art, he looks at it and—overcomes the temptation.

The Lungs--Consumption.

The importance of early treatment in lung diseases by some who has given the matter a special and separate attention daily, becomes more and more apparent. The cures made by Dr. Keyser, of this city, in some of the most hopeless cases of consumption, entitles him to the most distinguished consideration in that important branch of the healing art, the Doctor's recent improvements, not only in the remedies used, but in the increased facilities which he has brought into requisition, are such as afford hope for a cure, after all otherordinary means had been apparently exhausted. His Lung Cure, in the language of an editor of this city is invaluable, and while it is curing, at the same time supports nature and renews life.

The Doctor's office is at 167 Liberty street, adjoining his Medicine Store, or at his residence, 180 Penn street. A treatise on Consumption sent free by mail whenever ordered.

Unequaled for Cheapness, Durability and Strength.

All materials used in the manufacture of MATHEWS' SODA WATER BOXES is selected from the very best materials. The Marble Boxes are of the very best quality. The Syrup Tanks are all Glass or Porcelain, that the Syrup may never corrode. There is no apparatus sold that is equal in any way. The Boxes are made better, put together much stronger, which renders them more durable in every way. In fact Mathews' Soda Water Apparatuses we guarantee the best, cheapest and far superior in every way to any others made. The new styles just received this day at the Agents' office.

JAS. E. BURNS & CO.'S DRUGGISTS,
Corner Penn and Sixth streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

WM. M. FABER,

367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.

Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.

Orders Solicited.
JAS. LITTELL. WM. H. MECHLING.

OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE.

Littell & Mechling,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

OLD RYE WHISKY,

Foreign and Domestic

WINES AND LIQUORS,

237 Liberty
AND
244 Penn Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

FIRE CLAY,

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY FLUES
And Chimney Tops.
HENRY H. COLLINS
133 Second Avenue.

Hazard Powder Company's

SPORTING AND MINING POWDER.

I am now prepared to supply this very superior Powder to Sportsmen, Furnacemen, Contractors and dealers by KEG or CAR LOAD.

AT LOW PRICES.
Safety Fuse constantly on hand.
ARTHUR KIRK,
No. 19 Seventh street, (late Irwin street,) PITTSBURGH

LEATHER AND FINDINGS
JUST RECEIVED BY
GEO. H. ANDERSON & CO,
128 SECOND AVENUE.

1,000 Sides Buenos Ayres Sole;
400 " Springfield Oak Sole;
600 doz. French Calf and Kip of the most approved Brands.
With a full assortment of Saddlers and Shoemaker's stocks, wholesale and retail.

GET THE BEST
Howe Standard
SCALES.
Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Fuller's Patent Alarm Till, Grocers' Fit tures. Scales repaired.
W. A. McCLURG,
86 Wood street.

DRY GOODS.

DRY GOODS

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S.

Black Alpacas!
Black Alpacas!

We have now on hand a full line of the above Goods, bearing our own Trade Mark, the

"Flag and the Thistle,"

At very low prices.

HERNANIS, GRENADINES,

In all the New Silk, Plain and Figured Stripes.

Japanese Poplins.

NEW DRESS SILKS.

Fresh and complete stock at

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY.

Great Closing Sale

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

Is Now in Full Operation
AND HAS PROVED A
DECIDED SUCCESS.

Having decided to make a change in our firm on or before July 1st, until which time we will offer our goods in lots to suit purchasers at such an

Extraordinary Reduction

As must insure a ready sale. To the RETAIL TRADE we offer the cream of our stock at

Twenty Per Cent. Off the Cost,

Which is equivalent to 25 per cent. profit. The stock is now very complete and embraces a splendid line of

DRESS TRIMMINGS,
Embroideries,
LACES, RIBBONS,
All Wool, Merino and
COTTON HOSIERY
Silk, Lisle and Cloth Gloves,
Men's, Ladies' and Children's Underwear,
Shirts, Collars and Ties, Corsets, Skirts, &c.,
All of which we offer at

Immense Bargains for Cash

To close out before May 1st. We will offer "Job Lots" to

MERCHANTS AND DEALERS
AT GREAT BARGAINS.

Macrum & Carlisle,

27 FIFTH AVENUE.

Jos. Horne & Co.,

197 AND 199
PENN AVE.

Would call special attention to their

Black Dress Silk at	$1.25	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	1.50	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	1.75	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	2.00	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	2.25	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	2.50	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	2.75	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	3.00	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	3.10	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	3.25	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	3.30	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	3.50	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	3.75	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	4.00	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	4.25	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	4.50	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	5.00	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	5.25	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	5.50	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	5.75	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	6.00	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	6.25	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	6.50	per yard.
Black Dress Silk at	7.00	per yard.

Also, extra Bargains in
BLACK, WHITE AND
Fancy Striped Silks,
Colored Silks,
In all the New Tints, Sage, Blue, Green, Drab, Brown and Pink. To all of which

WE INVITE AN INSPECTION.

Joseph Horne & Co.,
RETAIL STORES.

KINDER BLAIR.

PRACTICAL
CONFECTIONER
AND DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS,
Nuts, Canned Goods, Ice Cream, &c.,
62 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Caperton's Dining Rooms,

60 MARKET STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

Tables furnished with the best the market affords in its season. Meals from 6:30 A. M. to 12 o'clock P. M.

DRY GOODS

FANCY GOODS

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S.

Llama Lace Goods,

In Latest and most Fashionable Styles.

Ladies' New Sets, Plain and Colored, extra cheap.
Stamped Goods of every description.
Doylies, Chemise Yokes, Pillow Shams, &c., &c.
Ladies' and Misses' New Hats.
Flowers, Ribbons, Scarfs, Parasols.

SUN UMBRELLAS.

A very large and complete line of
EMBROIDERED
HANDKERCHIEFS,
Which are offered at great inducements.

LINEN APRONS

White and Colored.

GOOD GOODS--LOW PRICES
AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny City, Pa

SUITS! SUITS!

New Stock of Suits
AT ERWIN'S.

JUST OPENING,
New Styles,
Handsome Shades,
Well made and at
LOW PRICES.

SUITS AT	$3.75.
SUITS AT	$4.00.
SUITS AT	$4.50.
SUITS AT	$5.00.
SUITS AT	$6.50.
SUITS AT	$7.00.
SUITS AT	$8.00.
SUITS AT	$8.50.
SUITS AT	$9.00.
SUITS AT	$10.00.
SUITS AT	$12.00.
SUITS AT	$12.50.
SUITS AT	$13.00.
SUITS AT	$15.00.
SUITS AT	$16.00.
SUITS AT	$18.00.
SUITS AT	$20.00.

Large stock, low prices and good goods. Call and see them.

A. W. ERWIN & CO.,

172 and 174 Federal St., Allegheny.

SEAMLESS KIDS,

IN SPLENDID SHADES,
BLACKS, BROWNS, SLATES, WHITES.
And a beautiful line of
OPERA SHADES,
In 1, 2 and 3 button and Mafquise.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,
27 Fifth Avenue.

NEW GOODS.

A FULL LINE OF LINEN SUITS.
All the new styles in
Parasols, Dress Goods,
In great variety.
LACE CURTAINS and MARSAILLES QUILTS, just received.

H. J. LYNCH,

No. 96 Market Street.

Muslin Underwear,

MARKED DOWN,
LADIES' CHEMISE,
NIGHT DRESSES,
SKIRTS, &c., &c.,
Greatly reduced to close out assortment now complete.

Macrum & Carlisle,
27 Fifth Avenue.

THE PITTSBURGH
Tar Chemical Works

Are now manufacturing a very superior

IRON VARNISH

Warranted to dry in less than two hours in fair weather, leaving a handsome glossy black coat. As great pains are taken to produce an article perfectly neutral—free from acid and ammonia—it will be found to be the best protection against rusting, being the same if not the cheapest in the market.

This Varnish is highly recommended for Iron Roofs, so-called Iron-clad Buildings, Stacks, Boilers, Fence Castings, etc.

Address office of
Pittsburgh Tar Chemical Works,
No. 62 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.

EASTERN EXCHANGE.

Summer Homes.

Families or individuals seeking pleasant homes for the coming warm months will find the Eastern Exchange, 64 East Liberty a spacious, well kept Hotel, where suits of two or three rooms, or single apartments can be secured.

From and After the 1st of May.

Every attention is given to guests. The table always well maintained.

Stabling and hostelry for those having horses and carriages, and also accommodations for Coal and Wood. Accessible by rail—within ¼ of an hour from Union Depot.

JNO. S. McPHERSON, Proprietor.

PITTSBURGH TAR CHEMICAL WORKS,

MANUFACTURERS OF
Pitch, Iron and Asphalt Varnish, Carbolate Powder, the Universal Disinfectant—Carbolic Acid, Crude Acid Purified Benzoles, and other Products of Coal Tar.

Office—No. 62 FIFTH AVENUE, UP STAIRS.
WORKS—Adjoining the Gas Works, Allegheny.

Window Glass

SAMUEL DUFF.....TERRENCE CAMPBELL,
WINDOW GLASS MANUFACTURERS. As we keep in our warehouse a first-class cutter, we are prepared to fill all orders from a single light to five thousand boxes on short notice. We select the best sheet glass to fill orders on hand in our warehouse. It will be to the advantage of all parties wanting Glass to give us a call before going elsewhere. Warehouse on the corner of Market street and First avenue.
feb26-MTH-82 DUFF & CAMPBELL.

DENNISON'S PATENT
SHIPPING TAGS.

TAGS Over 200 millions have been used within the past ten years, without complaint of loss by tags becoming detached. All Express Companies use them. *Sold by Printers and Stationers Everywhere.*
DUFF & CAMPBELL.
apl7 35-TTHS

$1,000 REWARD.

For any case of Blind, Bleeding Itching or Ulcerated Piles that Dr. Swayne's Pile Ointment fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles and nothing else, and has cured cases of over 20 years standing. Sold by all druggists. Price, $1.00. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Agents, No. 45 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

MASS. INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY.—Entrance Examinations June 2 and 3, and Oct. 1 and 2. For Catalogues, recent entrance examination papers, or further information, apply to Prof. SAMUEL KNEELAND, Secretary, Boston, Mass.
mh19:12S-TTS

DRY GOODS.

Furnishing Goods

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S.

Received and opened this week a large and elegant stock of

LACE CURTAINS,

Manufactured expressly for our own trade, rich and handsome patterns. Each piece bearing our own trade mark, the "FLAG AND THE THISTLE."

WINDOW SHADES,

In all Colors, Splendid Assortment at low prices.

Brackets, Wall Pockets, &c.

Carpets, Oil Cloths,
Mattings, Cornices,
Stair Rods, Fixings, &c.

NEW PRINTS,

New Percales,
Shirting Muslins.

Full Stock—Low Prices at

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

NEW DRESS GOODS

AT

ERWIN'S!

172 and 174
Federal St., Allegheny.

NEW STYLES,
NEW COLORS,
NEW SHADES.
Magnificent assortment, all fresh and clean; prices low; good goods.

HANDSOME STRIPED GOODS

ELEGANT PLAIN GOODS.

Japanese Silks

In great variety.

BLACK SILKS,

Good bargains

Striped Silks, 65c to $1.80.
Crammed Stripes, 12½c to 20c.
New Spring Dress Goods, 12½c.
New Spring Dress Goods, 13c.
New spring Dress Goods, 20c.
New Spring Dress Goods, 25c.
New spring Dress Goods, 30c.
New Spring Dress Goods, 37½c.
New Spring Dress Goods, 50c.
New Spring Dress

FINANCIAL.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,
FOR SALE,
CITY OF PITTSBURGH
7 PER CENT.
Water Loan and Penn Avenue
BONDS,
AT PAR AND INTEREST, FREE FROM TAXATION.

FOR SALE,
City of Pittsburgh
7 PER CENT.
Water Loan and Penn Avenue
BONDS,
At Par and Accrued Interest, Free from Taxation.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,
BANKERS,
Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

TRADESMENS NAT'L BANK,
Wood Street, cor. Second Ave.
Capital, - - $400,000
Accounts of Banks, Merchants and Individuals solicited
Interest allowed on time deposits. We promise careful attention to all business entrusted to our care.
A. BRADLEY, President,
WM. VANKIRK, Vice President,
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.
se2-145

Shoe and Leather
SAVINGS BANK,
No. 14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL - - - $200,000.
GEO. H. ANDERSON,
D. E. DAVIDSON, W. R. BROWN,
E. W. RANKIN, G. FLAUGHLIN,
JOHN C. DODDS, J. S. REYMER,
J. H. SORLAND, E. H. PALMER, JR.
GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.
Deposits of $1 and upward received. Deposited quarterly and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

Luther S. Kauffman,
Stock and Note Broker,
116 SMITHFIELD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Orders solicited for purchase and sale of
STOCKS, BONDS,
AND MORTGAGES.

GEO. B. HILL. C. HANSON LOVE. JAS. N. HILL.
Geo. B. Hill & Co.,
Bankers and Brokers,
58 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Buy and sell on commission all kinds of
STOCKS, BONDS, MORTGAGES,
Government Securities.
NEGOTIABLE PAPER, &C.
Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on time deposits.
Through Tickets by the National Line, comprising some of the largest steamships afloat from or to
London, Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow.
DRAFTS payable on demand in any part of England, Wales, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates.

FOR SALE,
City of Pittsburgh
SEVEN PER CENT.
Water Loan Bonds.
At Par and Interest,
Free from Taxation
ALSO NO. 1
Municipal and School Bonds,
Bearing Ten (10) per cent. Interest, Payable semi-annually.
We have examined these Bonds carefully, and can recommend them as a safe and paying investment.
Permanent investors are advised to purchase these bonds, as a protection against loss. Theft and fire, and for greater convenience in collecting the interest.
Those who wish to reinvest Coupons and Dividends, and those who wish to increase their income from bonds, and invest in other less profitable securities, will do well to examine the merits of the above Bonds.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, May 12, 1873.

Nothing has occurred since our last to affect unpropitiously the condition of the money market. Appearances are all most decidedly favorable for a comparatively steady market and reasonable rates of interest and discount through a great part of the Summer. The applications for accommodation at many of the banks show a considerable reduction from the high points recently attained, while at the same time the banks have apparently increased funds to work with. Complaints on account of scarcity of money have almost entirely ceased in this vicinity, as money is daily becoming more abundant. Capitalists are looking for profitable and safe investments, instead of insisting on high rates and short dates, as was the case some weeks since. From present appearances the rates on loans will continue to recede as the returns advances. The transactions in local securities were quite small and there was no material change in the market. Should the present favorable weather hold on, we may soon look for a revival in real estate matters, which have been rather depressed during the Winter and Spring months.

George B Hill & Co., Bankers, No. 58 Fourth avenue, furnishes the following quotations of bonds and stocks from his latest advices by telegraph:

	Saturday.	Monday.
Gold	118¼	117¾
U. S. 6ses—1881.	118⅝	121¼
" —coupons	121⅝	116
5-20—1862	115¼	116
5-20—1865	115¾	116
" 1865	117⅜	118¼
" 1865 new.	118¾	119¼
" 1867	120¼	120⅜
" 1868—coupons.	119⅝	121¼
10-40s.	111½	112
10-40s—coupons.	114	114
Currency 6's.	125	125¾
New 5 per cent	115	114¾
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central.	101	100⅜
Erie.	63¾	61¾
R. H. & E.	3	3
C. C. C. & I.		31⅝
St. Paul	55¾	55¾
Do. preferred		78¾
Michigan Southern.	91¾	90¾
Do. Central		100¾
Canton		80
North Western, preferred	89¾	90
Do. preferred		89¾
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	103	103¾
Rock Island.	93¾	92½
Pacific Mail	86¾	78¾
Western Union Telegraph.	83¾	83¾
Ohio & Mississippi.	31¾	31½
Union Pacific.		69¾
Toledo & Wabash	95¾	95¾
Adams Express.		93
Fort Wayne	67¾	67¾
American Express.	73	73
U. S. Express	126	125¾
Harlem.		125

Messrs. Robinson Bro., bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of active stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board today:

Penna. Central	54¾	54¾
Reading	57¾	58
United Cos. of N. J.	120¾	120
Oil Creek	31¾	31¾
Lehigh Valley	60	60
Philadelphia & Erie	26	25¾
Pennsylvania Allotments		37¾
Pittsburgh 5s	.74	74
Allegheny Valley 7-30	99¾	99¾
Central Transportation	47¾	47¾

SATURDAY'S Boston "Globe" says: "The steady increase in loanable funds has at no time since the late stringency been so marked in its effect on rates as to-day, and the return to settled ease is now fairly inaugurated. The borrowing rate between the banks is now 5 per cent, and the supply of call money at 7 per cent, on the street, is in excess of the demand. Mercantile paper was in much better request, and liberal sales are reported, prime names moving at 7¼ and 8 per cent., while less favored grades range from 8½ to 10."

SUNDAY'S Chicago "Tribune" says: "The supply of money in this market is good, and approved borrowers find no difficulty in getting what they want at the banks. On the open market, first-class paper sells pretty readily at 12 per cent., though in some instances 15 has been paid. There is some movement of currency to the grain-raising districts, but it is not large.

SUNDAY'S Cincinnati "Commercial" says: There was a fair demand for Cash Gold in our local market, while the receipts were light, and rates closed at ⅛ per cent. higher than yesterday. The New York advanced to 18¾ per cent. premium. The demand for money is more active, and the market is firmer, but call rates of discount remain steady at 6@9 per cent. in bank, and 10 per cent. is the current rate outside, but in some instances a little above this figure is paid."

THE New York "Herald" of Sunday says: "The total exports during the week, and since the beginning of January, as compared with previous years, have been as follows:

Total for the week	$551,246
Previously reported	17,322,770
Total since January 1, 1873	$18,074,016
Same time 1872	14,789,479
Same time 1871	28,032,259
Same time 1870	31,501,237
Same time 1869	11,962,581
Same time 1868	29,486,411

The total imports of foreign merchandise at this port for the past week were $6,384,442, made up of $1,238,704 of dry goods and $5,100,688 of general merchandise. The total the previous week were $6,970,287. The total since the beginning of the year is $163,222,177, against, the equality will be noticed, $163,318,821 last year.

NEW YORK, May 12, 1873.

The European financial situation continues to be actively discussed. An improvement is reported in Vienna, sufficient relief having been received to prevent a further panic in speculative fancies; but money is worth 10@12 per cent. in that quarter, and the banks have been unsuccessful extensively of late. The Bank of Hamburg raised the rate of interest to 6½, which was followed by rumors of a panic on the bourse there. In France and Austria-Hungary there is less apprehension of trouble, though the feeling is unsettled. The London market was quiet at a shade easier rates, and the movement in American securities, and a decline in Erie to 47¾, with an eventual recovery to 48, not some improvement in the closing at the close. Here money was easy during the morning at 6@7, but firmer in the afternoon, when prime paper being very scarce, sterling was quite and slightly weaker, closing active, declining 10@15 for sixty days and 10@15 for sight. Gold was active, declining from 118¾ to 117¾, closing at 117¾@ 118⅛. Loans 5 per cent to 3 per cent. Customs receipts $410,000. Governments were quiet but firm and closed dull and steady, with the supposed strong and rising tone. Sales of 6-20s, at 120¼@120⅜ for coupons of 1862, and 120⅜@120½ for those of 1865, both before the first board the tone of speculation changed and a downward movement took place, which better the first board left off, recovery, succeeded by a second decline. A steadier feeling followed, and at the close the market was dull and quiet, developed and fell to the lowest point of the day. After three o'clock the tendency was in favor of the bears, and on the reversal, the whole list closed comparatively above the lowest figures. The transactions in stocks during the day was 93,228 per cent., with a partial recovery before the close.

GOVERNMENTS.—Sales, consists of 1881, 121¼; 5-20s of 1862, 116; do '65, 117⅜; do new, 118⅜; do '67, 120⅜; do '68, 118⅜; 10-40s, 114; new 6s, 125; currency, 125¾.

STATE BONDS.—Missouri, 93¾; Tennessee, old, 81⅛; new, 81¾; Virginia 6s, old, 70; new, 70; North Carolina, old, 27⅜; do new, 15.

STOCKS.—Canton, 80½; Western Union Telegraph 83¾; Quicksilver, 37; Adams Express, 93¼; Wells, Fargo & Company's Express, 81; American Merchants' Union Express, 67¾; U. S. Express, 74; Pacific Mail, 82¾; New York Central, 100½; Erie, 48; do preferred, 78¾; do preferred, 1870, 89½; Hudson River, 103¾; Reading, 94¾; Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 89¾; Northwestern, 80; do preferred, 89¾; Rock Island, 92½; Illinois Central, 124; Cleveland, Pittsburg & Chicago, 103; Chicago & Alton, 93; do preferred, 112; Ohio & Mississippi, 31½; Cleveland & Toledo, 112; Michigan Southern, 90¾; Panama, 87½; Illinois Central, 115; Union Pacific, 69¾; Missouri, Kansas & Texas, 30¾; Union, 89½; Delaware & Lackawanna, 103; Hartford & Erie, 26; Boston & Albany, 131.

LONDON, May 12—5 P. M.—Amount of coupon bonds drawn from the Bank of England on that day, £2,000. Consols for money, 93¾; for account, 93¾. American cash securities: 5-20s '65, 91¾; do '67, 93¾; 10-40s, 88¾; new 6s, 92¾.

FRANKFORT, May 12.—United States bonds: 5-20s, 92½@92¾.

PARIS, May 12.—Rentes 56f 40c.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS—WEEKLY REVIEW.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, May 12, 1873.

APPLES—There has been an increased demand, especially for good sound fruit, during the past week, and prices advanced fully 50c ₱ brl; we now quote at $2.50 to $3.50 per barrel for common to medium, and $4@4.50 for prime to choice. The inquiry, as is mostly the case at this season of the year, is for small lots, but the supply is very much reduced, hence, the advance above noted.

ALE—Is quiet and unchanged. Leading Pittsburgh brands quoted as follows: X, $8 per brl. to the city, and $9 to the country; XX, $10. India Ale, $11; half barrels in proportion.

APPLE BUTTER—There is a steady demand, and prices are well maintained, ranging from 45 to 55 cents per gallon, according to quality.

ASHES—Quoted at 6@6½c for pearls, and 5½c for Bolivar grades, $4@5 for Star, $4½ for Woodland, $5@5½ for Mount Savage $6½.

BEANS—The market is fairly active, and while the inquiry is mainly for small lots, there is a fair volume of business in the aggregate, which was accompanied with last week, but underpinned no change whatever. We continue to quote Spring wheat Boston, $2.45@$2.50; Michigan, $2.50@$2.60; Minnesota, and red winter wheat at $2.50@$2.60. Pittsburgh mills are charging $2.60 for their best brands of family flour, with a margin, even at this quotation, taking the price of wheat as a basis, is small. As noted in our last weekly report it is alleged that considerable of the western flour, branded and sold here for winter wheat, is manufactured from spring and winter wheat, and this accounts for its being cheaper than that turned out by the mills here, who use nothing but winter wheat. Our latest advices from Liverpool report that market quiet and unchanged; and those from New York report a similar character. Sales of Flour, $5.50@5.75, and dull.

GRAIN—Trade for some kinds of Grain has been more active during the past week, and in consequence of a scarcity, though temporary it may be, prices have advanced. The receipts of corn continue very limited, and the mills are taking all that offers within the range of quotations: $1.43@1.45 for yellow; $1.40@1.42 for mixed, and $1.38@1.40 for white. Spring wheat could be sold here considerably under our quotations but there is no demand for it, the millers using it only if they were so disposed, have not the right machinery for grinding it. Oats in fair supply, the receipts being unusually large, and some what during the past week, but prices are strong and a shade higher; we now quote at 42@43c for good mixed for the city trade, and some dealers are holding the latter at 50, and refusing to accept anything less—it is contended that they can not be laid down here, taking the present cost in first hands into consideration, and sold below this last named figure. Rye is offering freely, and prices have come in sparingly, and as the supply is comparatively light the market is stronger, and prices have advanced with last week to 72@75c, and may go higher; we now quote at 56@58. The demand, however is light, as distillers, in consequence of the depressed and unsatisfactory condition of the whisky trade, are buying very sparingly. Ear Corn is also scarce, and there is some inquiry for it, many parties being out of shelled corn. The receipts and offerings of Rye continue very meagre, but there is not much inquiry for it, and prices are nominal at 80@85 in first hands. The stock of Barley in this market, excepting what is in the hands of consumers, is almost exhausted, and there is some little inquiry for it; prices, however, are nominally unchanged at 85@90 for spring, and 90@$1 for fall, according to quality.

GROCERIES—Coffee—An upward movement in Rio Coffee has begun, and it is the general belief that the late advance will be sustained by a still further enhancement of values until a much higher point is reached. Advices from the east by telegraph to-day add ¼ to the rates of Saturday, making a plump advance of 1c per lb. In the new arrived cargoes of the Europa and Ira, 19¾ lbs; Sisal rope—¾ and 5 16 inch diameter, 17½c; ¾, 17; ⅞ and upwards, 16½; manila rope and tarred, 19½; white cotton cables—rowser laid, 19c; do. bolt rope and yarns, 20½; Sand pump rope, 19.

DRIED FRUIT—Continues very dull, and dealers begin to despair of any improvement this year; the stock of Apples and Peaches all over the country are unusually large, and there is little or no demand. In regard to prices there is no quotable change, but no doubt concessions would be made in order to effect sales. Peaches, prime halves, 6@6½; quarters and mixed, nominal, 4@5c. Apples, 4@4c. Blackberries, nominal. Fitted cherries, 16@18; unpitted, 6@8.

EGGS—The market is a shade firmer, and as compared with last week, prices are a shade higher; we now quote at 16@17.

FEATHERS—West Virginia, $18 to $20; Bolivar grades, $40; Star, $45; Woodland, $55; Mount Savage $65.

FLOUR—The market is fairly active, and while the inquiry is mainly for small lots, there is a fair volume of business in the aggregate, which was accompanied with last week, but underpinned no change whatever. We continue to quote Spring wheat flours, $7@$8; Minnesota, Indiana and Illinois, and red winter wheat at $8.50@9. Pittsburgh mills are charging $9@9 for their best brands of family flour, with a margin, even at this quotation, taking the price of wheat as a basis, is small. As noted in our last weekly report it is alleged that considerable of the western flour, branded and sold here for winter wheat, is manufactured from spring and winter wheat, and this accounts for its being cheaper than that turned out by the mills here, who use nothing but winter wheat. Our latest advices from Liverpool report that market quiet and unchanged; and those from New York report a similar character. Sales of Flour, $5.50@5.75, and dull.

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COFFEE—Choice Rio, 24; Good to Prime, 23¾@ 23¾c; Fair, 21@21½c. Old Government Java, 31c; other Javas, 26@28c. Roasted Rio, 1 lb packages, 28c; loose, 27½c. Roasted Java, 33@35c.

SUGAR—Patent Cut Loaf, 12c; Granulated, Granulated and Powdered, 12; Standard A, 11¾; B, 11¼; Ex. C, 11; C, 10¾; Yellow, 10⅝; Circle C, 10¼; lower grades, 9@10.

SYRUPS—White Drips, 65; other grades ranging from 40 to 60, as to quality.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 9; prime, 8¾; Patna, 8½; Rangoon, 7¾@8.

MOLASSES—Choice New Orleans, 73@75c; Prime 68@72.

CANDLES.—Mould candles, 12c. Stearine do, 14. Star do, 18½.

SUNDRIES—Pennsylvania Concentrated Lye, $8. Philadelphia, $7.75. Bi-carb Soda, 6½@7c. Boxes, 8¾@9. Colman's Extract of Coffee, 50. Oswego & Duryea's Corn Starch, 11; silver and satin, 10. Buffalo Corn Starch, 10. Buffalo Gloss Starch, 9. Pearl Starch, 6½. Shot, $3 per bag. Lead, 12. Wheeling Tobies, $10.50.

FISH—Large Shore, No. 1, $25.00 per barrel; Med Shore No 1, $20 per brl; Bay No. 1, $11; for ⅛ brls, quarters and kitts, 32c more. Lake Herring, halfs, $5.00; Lake herrings, quarters, $2.15; White fish, $8.

SOAP—Rabbit's soap, 10. Bell's Buffalo soap, $6.75. Strung & Wetzel wax, 24c. No. 1 Rosin 5c. Pressing & Gamble's 5s.

HAY—The receipts of baled seem to be increasing again, and the market is dull and if anything weaker, though prices are without quotable change, ranging from $25 to $30, according to quality. Loose is selling from country wagons at $20@$28, mostly at $30@35.

HIDES—Following are the ruling quotations: Green Salted Steer Hides, 11¾@12; Green Salted Ox, 11¾@11¾; Green Salted Cow, 11@11¾; Green Butcher steer, 8@9; Green Butcher cows, 7@8; Green Butcher bull hides, 6; Green Salted Calf each, 1.20@1.50; Green Salted Calf each, 1.20@1.50; Green Butcher's Calf, 12. Flint Hides nominal at 22 cents.

HOMINY—$4.35 per barrel.

MAPLE SYRUP—Sales at $1.35@1.40 for gallon jugs. Maple Sugar, 14, granulated, and 15@16 in cakes.

MILL FEED—Continues very dull, and notwithstanding the arrivals have been comparatively light for some time past, prices are nominally unchanged. Bran $9 to $9.50 per cwt. Seconds $9@$11. Middlings $11.00@13.50.

OILS—No. 1 Lard Oil, 72@75 No. 2, 65. Linseed 98@$1. White W. B. 28@29. Bank, 28. Straits, 85. Coal $1.50@2. Spirits of Turpentine 45@47½c.

POTATOES—The supply continues fully up to the demand, and the market if anything weaker, although prices are not quotably lower; sales in store, at 50@75 per bu. for mixed, and 80@85 for Peach Blows.

PEANUTS—In good supply and very dull but unchanged, ranging from 3½@4¼c per lb.

PROVISIONS—Extra Sugar Cured Hams, 14@c, canvassed do., 15c; Extra Sugar Cured Shoulders, plain, 10, canvassed, 10½c. Sugar Cured Breakfast Bacon, plain, 13½c; canvassed, 14c. Extra Sugar Cured Dried Beef, plain, 18½c, canvassed, 19c. Sugar Cured Beef tongues, $7.50 per dozen. Pickled Hams, 9c. Pickled Shoulders, 7c. Sides, Rib Sides, 10½. Clear Sides, 11c. Mess Pork, $18.50. Leaf Lard: in tres, 10½c; half bbls, 11½c; bkts, 12½c; refined for summer use in bbls, 11½c; bkts, 12½c. Bacon: sugar cured hams, 16½c; do in 3 lb pails 15½c; do in 5 lb pails 15¼c; do in 10 lb pails, 15c; Ham dressed 13c. Lard: kettle rendered, 13½c; leaf, 12½c; prime steam, 10½c. Shoulders, 8½c. Sides, 9½c. Hams, 12½c. Chickens still quoted at 50@55c per pair by the coop.

RAGS—Quoted at 3½@3¾c.

SHAKER CORN—14@15c per lb.

SEEDS—Not withstanding the lateness of the season, there is still considerable inquiry for both Clover and Timothy Seed, and prices are well sustained. $3.75@4 for the former, and $3.75@4 for latter. Flax Seed is in steady demand at $2.25@2.65.

OIL BARRELS—There is a steady demand; since the date of our last weekly report, prices have been quoted somewhat lower; we now quote country barrels at $2.25@2.65; city make 9 lb. hoops, 2.10; 10 lb. hoops 2.15. Staves, $46@52.

TALLOW—8@8½c.

WHITE LEAD—Is in good demand but unchanged. The "combination" price is 12c for ton lots, and 12¾ in a jobbing way. In tin packages, ½ to 1c per lb. additional.

WHISKY—Highwines quotable at 92@93 cts. per gallon.

WINDOW GLASS—Trade is still reported slow and unsatisfactory, especially so for this season of the year, and manufacturers contemplate, unless there is a decided improvement in the meantime, to run light fires next month and for greater economy. Prices are weaker—more favorable for buyers; discount on January card, 60 @$6.60 & 10, that is for round lots.

PER BOX OF FIFTY FEET.

	Single Strength.	Double Strength.
	2d Qu'ty 1st Qu'ty	
6 x 8 to 7 x 9		5 75 8 00
7 x 10 to 8 x 10	6 00	6 75 9 00
8 x 11 to 10 x 15	6 50	7 25 10 00
8 x 14 to 10 x 15	7 25	8 00 12 00
11 x 14 to 12 x 18		8 75 14 00
14 x 16 to 16x 20		10 25 16 00
14 x 22 to 16 x 24		10 00 18 00
18 x 22 to 18 x 30		11 00 19 00
20 x 28 to 24 x 30		13 00 21 00
22 x 34 to 24 x 36		14 00 24 00
22 x 34 to 26 x 40		15 00 26 00
30 x 38 to 28 x 44		16 00 28 00
26 x 46 to 30 x 54		18 00 30 00
36 x 50 to 32 x 52		30 00
30 x 54 to 34 x 56		32 00
42 x 58 to 34 x 60		42 00
36 x 60 to 50 x 60		45 00

WOOL—Wool market is dull and nothing doing. It is an open question as to what will be the course of prices, but the general impression is that they can not be much lower, and some dealers expect nothing done until then—opinions as to the value differ widely between sellers and buyers. Manufacturers have no wool and not much money for past year or so and complain of the dullness and low prices for woolen goods in market, with the large amount of old wool still in the hands of the growers, and the stocks of wool on the markets being large, prices must of necessity be lower than for several weeks past. We have been told to-day, in a retail way it should be borne in mind, at 6 to 6½ for prime to extra, and 5@5½ for common to medium. Lambs brought from $4 to $4.50 per head for common to prime, and $4.50 for extra.

Adam Eckert sold 70 mixed clipped Ohio sheep for C. M. Holmes at 4½@5c per lb. Clean at 36 cts.

Peter Sheitemantle sold 22 spring lambs at $5¾ per head: 71 clipped Butler county sheep at 5c.

Henry Nagle reports 43 clipped Butler Co. clipped sheep at 5 to 6c; 5 good 40 ℔. lambs at $4.50 ₱ head.

S. A. Vandever sold 20 lambs at $3 to $4 ₱ head; 40 clipped sheep at 5c; 3 bucks at 5c ₱ ℔.

Farien & Keefer report 251 head of clipped Ohio sheep at 5 to 6¾c ₱ ℔.

Andrew Stickle reports 50 wooled sheep, $5 to $8 ₱ head: the latter for extra averaging 150 lbs: 24 lambs at $3¾ ₱ head.

Wm. Fowler sold 49 Butler county sheep and lambs.

Emerick & Co. report 100 fair to prime clipped sheep at 5 to 6¾.

J. S. McMillian sold 100 Washington county sheep at $4 ₱ head to 5¾ cts. per lb; 19 prime wooled at 6c.

John F. Neeley sold 55 prime clipers averaging 100 lbs. at 6c.

HOGS.

Sold in a retail way at 5 to 6¾ gross, as to quality, and, as is always at this season of the year, the demand is easily supplied.

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms.

PITTSBURGH FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. INSIDE.

Zug and Co.m	1	Nimick and Co.m 12
J W Porter.m	3	27
Total		

PENN'A CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Nimick & Co m	6	J W Porter m 3
J Moorhead.m	1	16
Total		

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

McIntosh & Co.p	1

DRY GOODS.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Jobbers and commission houses were quiet to-day, except agents for woolens, who were more active with the opening trade. There was a fair jobbing trade, mostly in cotton goods. The market for brown and bleached cottons was steady in first hands, but jobbers' prices continue irregular and in buyers' favor. Colored cottons are firm. Cottonades are in fair request. Boiled jaconets are active at 8½c. Prints, ginghams and dress goods are quiet. Heavy fancy cassimeres and over-coatings are in better demand, but light weights are dull. Foreign goods are quiet. Grenadines are selling very low.

RIVER NEWS.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, May 12, 1873.

The crude market is quiet and unchanged, quotable at $2.55 per bri at Parker; sales of two or three barges here at 6.6.@6¾. Refined is quiet at 19¾ for May. Philadelphia delivery, 20 for June, and 16¾@16¾c on cars here. The feeling, if anything, is firmer both in regard to crude and refined, and the indications at this writing, are that the prices will not go much, if any, lower, for the present at least.

Oil barrels in steady demand, and the recent advance is sustained. Countries, $2.65; city make, 9 pound hoops, $2.15; 10 lb. hoops, $2.15.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

Keystone O W, acct. Buehnell	461
Citizens O W, acct. Tack & M	176
Citizens O W, acct. Duncan	160
Standard O W, acct. Buehnell	544
Peerless O W, acct. Stevenson	701
Vesta O W, acct. McKelvy	540
Tip O W, acct. Duncan	161
Radiant O W, acct. Stevenson	378
Brilliant O W, acct. Lockhart & F	551
American O W, acct. Duncan	612
Fairview O W, acct. Grier	391
Model O W, acct. Buehnell	394
Coal Oil O W, acct. McKelvy	149
D. Bly & Co acct. owner	53
Total	5,990

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, May 10.—The *Shipping List* says: The receipts of domestic for the week have been 2,181 bales, against 1,054 bales for the corresponding week of 1872, and 1,528 bales in 1871. The rece pts of foreign have been 1,875 bales, against 35 bales in 1872.

The market has quieted down considerable the past week, and the business has been fair, with no life or buoyancy to notice. Manufacturers, in fact, have again become quite indifferent, and the dullness of stocks, would withdraw from the market if any advance was asked. In New York and Philadelphia there is also a dull feeling, and here and both fleece and pulled Wool have been purchased in the latter market at comparatively low rates. Considerable is remarked in our last, is not quality restored. Some desirable lots of fleece have been sold the past week, but no purchases except at full current rates, but the experience of the past week is calculated to give manufacturers confidence to look for at present.

The new California clip continues to come forward quite freely, and for a few weeks the supply of this description will be large. There is very little disposition to hold back the present crop, as this appears in good policy. It is not likely that it will sell a month or two at much higher figures, when wool is arriving freely from all points west and consumption is greater. If the California clip being of a quite promising character, and the interval before the Western clip made its appearance, a very large sum of money would have been saved to the Wool growers. This season's first domestic clip on the market, and is sure to attract the attention of buyers more now than later in the season. None of the choice Northern Wool has yet made its appearance, but not over are could be realized for anything, if we except fancy clip. Telegraphic advices report the San Francisco market quiet at from 20@25c, good, and good average.

The advices received at Great Britain still speak favorably of the progress of the sale. The Port Philip grease wools are still held higher than opening prices. The movements to foreign here have been quite limited during the week, and continue to be confined mostly to Cape wools that are now sought after at higher prices. Super wools that are now sought after at higher prices. Super wools that are now sought after at higher prices, and some descriptions have been sold the past week at lower prices than ever before in the American market. Robert Fulton's first steamboat, navigated the Hudson river.

The Belle La Crosse, on her last down trip, made the run from St. Paul to St. Louis in two days and twenty hours, and made forty-one landings. This is the quickest down trip between these points that has been made in a number of years, the usual time being from three and a half to four days.

The Frank Beck, Jr., is finished and running, and is the first boat built for the Cincinnati trade that is ninety feet in length by twenty one feet beam, and a depth of hold of three and a half feet. Her cabin has six state rooms, fitted with accommodations for the privacy of her ladies' cabin.

Merchants of Peoria have petitioned the City Council of Peoria for a reduction of the wharfage charged the Grey Eagle. The harbor committee was instructed to draft an ordinance fixing the rate of wharfage to all boats making daily trips to Peoria, at $5 per week.

Not for the sinking of the John Kyle on the 7th, two steamers would have changed hands the following day. The price for the Kyle was to be $40,000 and one fast St. Louis and New Orleans steamer—the City of Alton.

The Eckert goes to the wreck of the Collier at Henderson, Kentucky, when the water falls sufficiently.

[For Latest River News see First Page.]

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO R. R. 48 bdls sheeves Myers & A., 19 do augers & T., 11 do do bruns Voigt & Co, 84 do bungs, Armstrong Bro, 4 do eggs H Riddle, 6 do Hoffman & C, 5 do augers Staples & L, 2 bdls Head & C, 100 do do Aiken W & P, 7 do tallow, G Kahn, 10 do flour S S Marvin, 20 sks rags McCullough & S, 32 do do Kirkpatrick & Co, 6 sks oats C Woodworth, 12 do potatoes Bricker & Co, 2 pkgs eggs V H Graff, 5 do 2 do bacon Houck McC & Co, 3 cars oats J Graham, 2 do do Hamilton & Co, 1 car flour J C Riddell, 243 bdls hides J Callery, car paper P Duff, do meat Stewart Bro, 200 brls flour Schmaker and Co, 100 do flour J Wilson, 200 do Watt L & Co, 400 do owner, car hay J Rose, 30 pkgs crackers Kramer & Y, 10 do tobacco E Poertzel, 25 do Dilworth, 3 cars meat F Sellers, 100 brls flour A Kirkpatrick, 100 do J Hinkle, 46 do spirits J Kay, 10 do, Marshal K & Col 24 do h Hobbs.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.—1 car lime, J H Canfield; 1 do g stone, F Allen; 1 do lumber, B Schmidt; 1 do do, W W Rigdon; 1 do g stone, Maloney & L; 10 bxs sands, T Pillow; 100 do c pins, Haworth & D; 4 cars lumber, Wheeler & Co; 6 bdls chairs, T B Young; 3 do wood in shape, W Pickergill; 3 bdls chairs, J M Irwin; 3 pkgs s machines, Howe S M Co; 1 do do, Wheeler W & Co; 2 do stone, S & S Knox; 2 do straw, Beckert & G; 20 bxs cheese, J Wilson; 84 bbls paper, Pgh P Co; 19 bbls rosin, Pgh G W Co; 1 car coal, Pittsburgh C & I Co; 1 do, W Welsh; 2 do eggs, 1 tub butter, D McMillan; 20 cases paint, Knight & Z; 10 bdls chairs, T B Young; 10 brls apples, J B McLane.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS R. R.—184 sks s suff, Schmelbach & H; 100 brls mackerel, 184 sks s suff, Schmelbach & H; 100 do, T C Jenkins; 100 do, S Lindsay; 100 do, D Wallace; 50 do, A Kirkpatrick; 100 do, Hamilton & Co; 1 pkg mdse, Adams Ex Co; 1 do, Hamilton & Co; 1 bdl furs, Hall's S & L Co; 15 bxs cans coil, Harris & E; 4 hhds tobacco, R & W Jenkins; 2 pkgs brls eggs, Head C & Co; 100 do, Voigt M & Co; 12 do, W H Graff; 18 do, E Moye; 5 do, Loh & Co; 12 do, Wm Park; 1 do, Jas Connor; 1 do, Wm. Dick.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS R. R.—1 car coal, Cumberland Coal Co; 20 do coal, N Y & C & Co; 140 Armstrong D & Co; 3 do, Sable Coal Co; 14 cars lime stone, Cornegan & Co; 19 do, O Howard; 1 car flour, O W Vesta; 1 car scrap iron, Jones & Co; 111 bales sea grass, E Edmundson; 20 brls oil, P R R & Co; 43 brls scrap steel, Hall; 40 do do, Hall; 5 cars do, J H Ewart; 1 car do, J W Bingham; bale socks, Lee; 13 brls eggs Jas O'Brien, 4 skins, W C Price, Lot furniture, Simmons and M; 1 do, Mathews and Co; 1 do, Hamilton.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—1 car lumber, J H Morgan; 2 do do, Reed Bros; 6 do wheat, 2 do staves, Gilmore & Co; 1 do l wood, J L & W H Hastings; 1 do pipe, W F Dill; 1 do hay, Carroll & T; 2 cars coal, Nevin & Co; 1 do shingles, Young Valley M & Co; 1 do flour, B Knox; 1 do pipe, C & C Millian; 1 do stave, J M Hamilton & Co; 1 do oats, R Kerr; 20 kegs candles, W Moarie; 200 sks corn, Thompson & F; 2 bales cotton, E Heyde; 40 brls apples, John Herbert.

PITTSBURGH GRAIN ELEVATOR.—1 car oats, Kell & K; 1 do malt, Spencer McK & Co; do wheat, Marshall K & Co; 1 do, S B Blouse; 1 do oats, S B Floyd.

RIVER PACKETS.

FOR CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE, SATURDAY, May 17th, at 4 P. M., the fine steamer, J

HOME NEWS.

An Alarm of Fire.

The alarm of fire from box 56 at ten minutes to three o'clock this morning, was occasioned by a slight fire being discovered in a stable belonging to a Mr. McKee in the rear of Mr. Reed's saddle store on Centre Avenue near Roberts street. It was extinguished with slight damage. Its origin is unknown.

Letters held for Postage.

F. J. Albright, Sharon, Pa., 3c; W. Bastal, Sr., Hollidaysburg, Pa, 3c; Mrs. Mollie L. Cary, Brooklyn, Pa., 3c; Davis & Everson, Philadelphia, Pa., 3c; John Graebing, Rochester, Pa., 3c; Louis Graunke, West Point, Neb., 3c; Mrs. Hattie Himrod, Circleville, Ohio, 3c; Thomas Loughrey, Cleveland, Ohio, 3c; Mrs. A. F. Meredith, Allegheny City, 3c; Frank McElhinney, New Port, Ohio, 3c; Mrs. Daniel McKee, Philadelphia, Pa., 3c; A. G. Van Hook, Belle Vernon, Pa., 3c.

European Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

A dispatch received at Max Schamberg's European Steamship and Telegraph Office, at No. 163 Smithfield street, announces the arrival of the

N. G. Lloyd line steamer Hansa at Southampton.

Guion line steamer Manhattan at Queenstown.

N. G. Lloyd line steamer Weser at New York.

Anchor line steamer Anglia at New York.

Cunard line steamer Batavia at New York.

Hamburg line steamer Westphalia at Plymouth.

Hamburg line steamer Saxonia at Hamburg.

Allegheny Weekly Death Report.

The report of Health Officer Hoch, of Allegheny, shows the number of deaths in that city during the past week to have been twenty-three, all white. Of these there were sixteen males and seven females. The following were the diseases: Typhoid fever, 2; still born, 5; consumption, 3; pneumonia, 2; brain fever, apoplexy, old age, whooping cough, dropsy, cerebro-spinal meningitis, albuminuria, heart disease, asphyxia, unknown and hydrocephalous each 1. Of the above there were under six months, 4; from ten years to twenty, 3; from twenty to thirty, 6; from thirty to forty, 1; from forty to fifty, 1; from sixty to seventy, 1; from eighty to eighty-six, 1.

Obituary.

We are pained to announce the death of Mr. James Carlin, which occurred suddenly on Sunday last at Altoona. Mr. Carlin was well known in this city and on the South Side, having from boyhood to within a short period been engaged in the working of iron, of which he had acquired a thorough knowledge. A few days since he removed his family to Altoona, where he lately identified himself as a partner in a new rolling mill, which was started under the most favorable auspices. Being strictly temperate in his habits, and honorable to a fault, he secured the love and confidence of all with whom he became acquainted. His remains were brought here yesterday for interment. We tender our sincere sympathy to the bereaved family.

Mortuary Report.

The following is the report of deaths, as reported by Dr. W. Salvely, M. D., health physician, for the week ending May 11, 1873:

Alcoholism 3; railroad accident 2; anemia 1; cerebral apopsexy 1; congestion of brain 2; chronic bronchitis 1; Bright's disease 1; disease 1; cerebritis 1; cerebro spinal meningitis 2; consumption 4; convulsions 4; debility 1; diabetes 1; diarrhea 4; erysipelas 2; typhoid fever 6; chronic gastritis 1; heart disease 1; valvular disease of the heart 2; inanition 2; congestion of the lungs 1; acute meningitis 1; sub-acute meningitis 3; metro peritonitis 1; pneumonia 5; peritonitis 1; chronic rheuma tism 1; scurvy 1; scrofula 1; small pox 1; unknown 2; whooping cough 1; total 61.

Of the above there were under 1 year 13; from 1 to 2, 6; 2 to 5, 4; 5 to 10, 2; 15 to 20, 2; 20 to 30, 7; 30 to 40, 14, 40 to 50, 4; 50 to 60, 4; 60 to 70, 4; 70 to 80, 5.

Males, 49; females, 12. White, 58; colored, 3. Total, 61.

The Government Buildings.

I like the note struck by a *Commercial* correspondent, who, in the matter of a new Custom House, suggests that the resignation of the present Commissioners is a consummation to be wished. In expressing concurrence, I would make no intimation that any one of these worthy and otherwise valuable gentlemen would vote to put money in his purse; but as it is generally understood they have property on or in the vicinity of the only sites yet spoken of, the situation is doubtless one of embarrassment, from which they will gladly be relieved; and therefore the suggestion of "J. M. C." is very timely and altogether proper. The experience of Oakes Ames was that men voted to take care of their own property, and without insinuating that the skirmishing in this case was followed by any such motives, yet there is no telling what suspicious people may think of the ballotings when they look at this picture, then on that." At any rate, in this day of greedy selfishness, it is no time to throw away the old, time-honored rule that jurors shall be disinterested. Since the Credit Mobilier scandal and the back-pay steal, the public mind is nervously suspicious; and in the present matter any finding that will be favorable received will be narrowly scanned by men whose property is not too much mixed up in the issue.

Yours, VENIRE DE NOVO.

Pittsburghers at Montana.

Richardson in his book "Beyond the Mississippi," describes the "placer" mines of Montana as likely to prove the richest in their yield of gold yet discovered in America, or elsewhere, for that matter. Acting on this hint, some Pittsburgh capitalists have purchased the celebrated "French Bar Placer Mine," situated on the Missouri river, one hundred and eighty miles above Fort Benton, and sixteen miles from Helena in the Territory of Montana. Their purpose is to start immediately in the further development of this rich "placer," and they have our best wishes for their success. The company have made a very wise and judicious selection of a financial agent in Mr. J. P. Jackson, of our County Treasury, well known to this community as an able financier as well as a brave soldier and gentleman of strict integrity, and inflexible energy and courage. The Mail or takes with him the kindest wishes of his numerous friends in Pittsburgh, and their warm hopes for his success in his new enterprise in the western wilds of Montana. His experience in that country during his trans-continental trip last summer, will be of use to him in the management of the French Bar Mine, and let us hope his efforts in the future, like those of the past, will be crowned with success.

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—Last evening the new play by Charles Foster, Esq., entitled the "Swamp Angels," was produced for the first time. It is a sensational play, but a delightful one and of superior merit. The situations being interesting, and the dialogue brusque. The play was forcibly received and created a genuine sensation, every scene and tableaux being vociferously received and encored. The railroad scene and swamp scene were especially noticeable, and well executed. Mr. Charles Walcott acted the part of "Henderson" the reporter whose exploits the play pretends to portray among the outlaws of North Carolina. The play while it is eminently a good one of its kind, possesses some crudities, but they are easily passed over by its many really meritorious points. Mr. Walcott played his part to much advantage and was repeatedly applauded. The "Stubbs" of Mr. Irving was also a good piece of humorous acting. The cast in all its parts was undually strong and the scenery and appointments new and appropriate. The same play for this evening.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.—Last evening Mr. Geo. W. Thompson, in addition to the regular olio and dramatic company appeared in a new play entitled "Yacup." It was well received and passed off well. The usual variety bill was also given. A splendid bill, and the same drama to-night.

FREE BRIDGES.

What has been Accomplished by the Committee—The Matter Assuming a Definite Shape.

There has been a feeling among a great majority of those interested in free bridges, that the matter had about reached an end and that the day for free bridges was as far off as ever. It would seem however, that this is a mistaken view of the case, and that on the contrary the Committee having the business in charge have been doing their whole duty. This committee, of which Mr. McConway is chairman, prepared the draft of an act of Assembly empowering the City to purchase, or build bridges across the rivers, which act was approved by the Legislature and received the Governor's signature. Through the press of business however incident to the close of the session, a certified copy of this act has not yet been received in the city, although several efforts have been made to secure such a copy. The committee, however, are at work and expect in a short time to report this act to Councils, for such action as may be deemed desirable.

THE "TORPEDO" LITIGATION.

A Decision Against Col. Roberts—The Dickey Patent Valid—Important Opinion of the Court Yesterday.

Yesterday morning the tables were turned, and a decision was rendered in the United States Circuit Court against Col. Roberts, the oil well torpedo inventor.

It will be remembered by our readers that heretofore Col. Roberts has had uniform success in his litigation, and that he has never been defeated. The last time the question came up in the courts, it was upon Col. Robert's application for an injunction against James M. Dickey, to restrain him against infringing upon the patent. In that case it was argued by Messrs. Harding & Bakewell, attorneys for patentee that his invention was the "fluid tamping" used, and that upon this the patent was granted, and the court sustained this view of the case. Then Mr. Dickey started out on a new track and succeeded in inventing a torpedo that would answer the purpose without the "fluid tamping." He was putting this into practical use when he was again arrested by legal notice that he was infringing upon the Robert's Torpedo patent, and the case came once more before the Courts. This time it was argued that the patent to Mrs Roberts was for the *method* not merely for the process of use, but the Attorneys for Mr. Dickey claimed that as the Court had decided before that it was for a process that decision ought to stand. The case was argued by Messrs. Bakewell & Fisher for Col. Roberts and by George Shiras, Esq., for Mr Dickey, and yesterday morning Judge McKennan in the United States Circuit Court, delivered a verbal opinion, in which he held to the former decision and refused to grant the preliminary injunction asked for. This of course does not finally decide the case, but allows the producers in the oil regions to use the Dickey patent until the question is finally decided on the application to have an absolute injunction against Mr. Dickey.

PITTSBURGH COUNCILS.

Regular Meeting Yesterday

Petitions from the People—The Reports from the Committees—The Opening of Halket Street—A Stirring Debate—The Ordinance Held Over—Fire Alarm and Letter Carriers for the South Side—General Matters of Public Interest.

Pittsburgh Councils held a regular semi-monthly meeting Monday afternoon, May 12, 1873.

SELECT COUNCIL.

A. H. GROSS.....President.
E. S. MORROW.....Clerk.

President Gross called this branch to order at fifteen minutes past two o'clock, the following members being present:

Messrs. Adams, Ahl, Aiken, Atkinson, Afterbury, B. R. Brown, Burgwin, Chalmers, Chambers, Chess, Daunells, Dietrich, Doyle, Duncan, Fetterman, Foster, Froelich, Galvin, Goldthorpe, Hains, Hays, Herron, House, Hunter, Jeremy, E. P. Jones, Kernan, Kirk, Kline, Laufman, Lloyd, Littell, Marshall, Montooth, Morrow, Murray, McCandless, McCarthy, McClurg, McCune, McDonald, McKee, McMahon, Och, Pearson, Phillips, Rafferty, Rayburn, Riddell, Scnultz, Scully, Seely, Shipton, Smith, Walters, Waring, Watson, Wilson, Zern and President Gross.

PETITIONS, &C.

Mr. HUNTER, petition for lamp post. Referred. Also petition for the opening and extension of Union street. Referred.

Mr. MCCUNE, petition from John A. McKee & Son, asking for exoneration of business tax. Referred to Committee on Appeals.

Mr. CHALMERS, resolution authorizing City Engineer to regulate numbers on Vine street. Passed.

Mr. ZERN, petition for rehearing in matter of opening of Pike street. Received and filed.

Mr. MCCANDLESS, resolution instructing street commissioners of the district to drain the pond of water between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh streets. Passed.

Mr. E. P. JONES, petition for change of grade on Grove street. Referred.

Mr. WATSON, resolution for change of location of the President's desk in Select Council chamber. Referred to City Hall Commission.

Mr. SMITH, an ordinance regulating the width of sidewalks on Pearl street, Sixteenth ward. Read three times and passed under suspension of the rules.

Mr. KIRK, resolution providing for the publication of the City Charter in the official papers. Passed finally.

Also resolution for laying of water mains on Butler street, between Forty-ninth street and McMahon's Reflector. Referred.

Mr. LITTELL, remonstrance against board walks in Twenty-first ward. Referred.

Mr. SCULLY, communication from the City Solicitor in reference to the act of Assembly for the improvement of Second avenue. The Solicitor was of the opinion that the mode of assessment provided for in the act was not subject to constitutional objections. Opinion received and filed and the act approved.

Mr. MCKEE, a resolution for the re-codification of the City Code, and new ordinances, acts of Assembly, &c., passed since the publication of Siagle's digest—the same to be published in pamphlet form.

Mr. LITTELL moved to limit the cost to one hundred dollars.

Mr. CHALMERS thought it should be referred to the Printing Committee, which suggestion was agreed to.

Mr. BURGWIN petition from contractor for sewer on Old street St. Clair borough for the opinion of the City Solicitor, as to whether the city was liable for a contract entered into for a sewer in the borough—the contract having been entered into before consolidation. Referred to City Solicitor.

Mr. GALVIN establishing grade on Coal Hill road. Referred.

Mr. FETTERMAN petition for improvement of Union street, South Side, under Penn avenue act. Also ordinance for the same. Petition accepted and ordinance read three times and passed.

Also, remonstrance against the approval of the report for widening of Sycamore street. Referred.

Mr. GOLDTHORPE, resolution for a committee of three to confer with the Fire Commission with a view of having a Hook and Ladder Company located in the Thirty-second ward. Passed and Mr. Goldthorpe named for S. C.

Also, a resolution instructing the Mayor to place a corner man on corner of Carson street and New Road.

Mr. WATSON, petition for a gas lamp. Referred.

INTEREST ON THE BONDS.

Mr. MCCANDLESS presented a communication from Controller McGowan, as follows:

OFFICE OF THE CITY CONTROLLER, }
PITTSBURGH, May 12, 1873. }

Hon. A. H. Gross, President, and Members of Select Council of the City of Pittsburgh:

GENTLEMEN: I would respectfully state in reply to your resolution of 2d inst., requesting me to inform the Select Council what amount of interest on bonds issued or to be issued for street or avenue improvements already ordered will have to be provided for out of the City Treasury during the present fiscal year before the assessments will begin to be collected, and how the same has been provided for, that the total amount of bonds issued under the provisions of the Penn Avenue Improvement act and its several supplements is $853,500. These bonds have been issued for the improvement of streets and avenues, as follows:

Penn avenue from Butler to Forty-fifth street.....	$ 71,000
Penn avenue from Forty-fifth street to City Line.....	365,000
Cedar street.....	12,500
Taylor street.....	12,500
Winebiddle street.....	9,000
Elm street.....	11,500
Ella street.....	12,500
Main street.....	10,500
Neville street.....	30,000
Frankstown avenue.....	60,000
Fifth avenue.....	200,000
Collins avenue.....	20,000
Shady Lane and Walnut street.....	45,000
Total.....	$853,500

Reports of assessments have been received from the several Commissions as follows: Penn avenue, Butler to Forty-fifth street; Penn avenue, Forty-fifth street to city line; Cedar street, Taylor street, Winebiddle street, Elm street, Ella street, Main street.

On some of these the first instalment of ten per cent. and interest has already been coll cted and in October next instalments will be due on all. Reports of assessments are also expected in time to make collections in October from the Commissions for the improvement of Frankstown avenue, Collins avenue, Neville street, Shady Lane and Walnut street.

Fifth avenue is the only improvement for which bonds have been issued from which no revenue can be derived during the present year. In regard to the interest on bonds to be issued for improvements already ordered, I have no information that is not possessed by the City Councils, or by requisition has been made for bonds except for the streets and avenues already mentioned.

The Penn Avenue Improvement act provides that the City Councils shall have authority to make temporary loans for the payment of interest on street improvement bonds where the same accrues previous to the assessments being made. Respectfully submitted,

R. J. MCGOWAN, Controller.

Mr. AIKEN moved that it be received and ordered to be published. Carried.

Mr. ZERN, Chairman of the Allegheny Wharf Committee, reported the expenditures for April $91—and receipts $106. They also reported they had instructed the City Solicitor to file a caveat against the claim of Mr. John C. Barr for possession of "made ground" at the Point. Received and filed.

NEW STREETS.

Mr. E. P. JONES, Chairman of the Road Committee, presented their report for April, which was filed.

The gentleman also presented from the Committee an ordinance for opening of Boston street; passed finally. Ordinance for opening of Clark street; passed finally. Ordinance for opening of Fairmount avenue; passed finally. Ordinance for opening of Hill street from Bailey's line to Brownsville avenue; passed finally. Report of Viewers on opening of Spencer avenue; approved. Report of viewers on opening of Baird street. Ordinances for construction of three-feet diameter brick sewer on Fifth avenue from Mitchenger street to Soho Run.

OLD BUSINESS

was then taken up, as follows:

Ordinance relative to Pittsburgh & Ormsby Passenger Railway Company from keeping the street along in line in good order—except between the tracks and one foot on either side. In C. C., passed at former meeting; in S. C., laid over; May 12 presented again with favorable recommendation from Street Committee.

Some discussion ensued.

Mr. SCULLY finally offered an amendment to add the Pittsburgh & Birmingham Passenger Railway Company, Manchester Railway & Oakland Railway.

There was a simultaneous cry of "Oh no" "Oh no." Withdrawn.

Mr. HOUSE moved to add the words Pittsburgh and Birmingham road in the original ordinance. Lost.

A vote was then taken on the original ordinance which was passed finally by a vote of 41 to 10.

Ordinance privileging John Armstrong to erect iron clad on Ann street. Passed finally.

Ordinance for construction of pipe sewer on Green street. C. C. Referred back to Street Committee. Concurred. An ordinance to repeal an ordinance for the grading, paving and curbing of Thirtieth street. Referred back to Street Committee. Ordinance changing name of Forbes street. Laid over at the last meeting. The ordinance was voted down. Ordinance extending the wooden building law to the South Side districts came up, and was read three times and passed. Ordinance for three feet diameter brick sewer on Center avenue and Elm street. C. C. passed finally. S. C. concurred. Ordinance authorizing the issue of bonds for the improvement of Walnut and main streets in Temperanceville. Passed finally.

HALKET STREET.

An ordinance repealing an ordinance for the opening of Halket street from Fifth avenue to Emilia street.

Mr. MCCANDLESS thought the ordinance ought to go to the Street Committee. He would waive that right, however, as he wished to speak merely on the merits of the question. The gentleman then, after referring to the statements made in reference to this matter, and to "exporte statements" that had been made, said that he desired a full investigation of the matter, as he felt confident that when all the facts were made known, there would be no trouble for Councilmen to decide how to vote. The simple fact was that this street had been laid out in the district plan for over thirty-five years; that it had been objected, passed upon and endorsed by the Courts, and that any persons who bought property in that vicinity, knew, or could have known, that this street was laid out, and there was no "invasion of private rights" in ordering the plant shade trees and assess the cost of the same on the property. Passed.

Resolution inquiring whether the charter of the Monongahela bridge had expired. Passed.

The report of the Street Committee was presented. The following ordinances accompanied it. Ordinances opening, grading, paving and curbing of Forbes street, Thirty-eighth street, Thirty-ninth street, Josephine street, Mary street, Hawley avenue, Howe street, Enoch street Josephine street, Washington street, Forbes street, Neville avenue and Chestnut alley. Also, ordinances for construction of board walk on Neville avenue, for grading, &c., of Mary Ann street, for constructing 20-inch sewer pipe on Magee, Boyd and Watson streets and Chislett alley, and for an 18-inch pipe sewer on Spring alley, and for 20-inch pipe on School alley and Forty-fourth street. Resolution for warrants for the Board of Viewers for services during April. The expenditures of the Street Committee for the month of April were as follows:

Engineer's department.....	$1,454 53
Contractors' estimates.....	7,915 22
Board of Viewers.....	360 00

STREET COMMISSIONERS.

1st District.....	$2073 32
2d "	2072 32
3d "	1330 26
5th "	1026 47
6th "	1767 45
7th "	1022 12

The report of the Street Committee was read and accepted, and all the ordinances and resolutions referred to above were passed finally.

The profile of Thirty-fifth street was presented and approved, also the profile of Charlotte street.

The viewers report on the Ann and Stephenson street sewer was approved.

Mr. JNO. FLEMING presented the report of the Survey Committee. The report was received and filed. The expenses of the Survey Committee for April amounted to $152l.61.

Grade plans of certain streets and alleys were approved.

Resolution from Police Committee asking the Committee on City Property to purchase a vacant lot on the South side of the Seventeenth ward station house, for the purpose of impounding cattle found running at large.

Mr. EVAN JONES apposed the resolution on the ground principally that it would create an almost intolerable nuisance.

Mr. DUFF, in replying, said that there were some cows that can be driven and others that cannot, also that there are some hogs that can be driven and some that cannot.

Mr. JONES—Will the gentleman permit me to ask a question?

Mr. DUFF —Certainly.

Mr. JONES—Do you intend to drive the lot to the cows or the cows to the lot?

Mr. DUFF said he did not want a hog pound along side of his house, and he would not vote to place it along side any other man's house. He considered the hogs the best street commissioners in the city, and the creation of pounds only making places to breed and disseminate disease.

The resolution was lost.

Mr. DUFF offered another resolution authorizing the Committee on City Property to purchase lots of ground for police stations in Temperanceville and the Middle district on the South Side. Tabled.

From the Committee on Appeals a remonstrance was presented against the opening of Bates alley. Referred to Street Committee.

The report of the Committee on Wiklinsburg annexation was on motion received and filed.

Mr. JONES moved that the ordinance providing for the annexation of a portion of Wilkins township be passed, thus concurring in the action of School Council.

Mr. FLEMING opposed to the passage of the the ordinance. He considered the whole affair sickly, dusty and foggy. He thought it was an overstrained effort, and was of the opinion that if the citizens of Wilkins township wanted admittance into the city, they should present a unprejudiced petition, one that could not be misunderstood or excepted to. The ordinance he thought, should be voted down, and the matter dismissed from the Council Chamber.

Mr. DUFF continuing put on the final passage of the ordinance, the yeas and nays were called with the following result. Yeas 25, nays 10.

Ayes—Messrs. Arensburg, Arnholt, Bindley, James Boyd, S. M. Boyd, Brashear, Carrol, Duff, Fleming, Frew, Harris, E. Jones, Lowrey, Mc-Cartney, Morgan, McConway, McGinley, Negley, Oberheidman, Perchment, Riley, Sewell, Trautman, West, Williams—25.

Nays—Messrs. Bryce, Campbell, Everson, Fisher, Follansbee, Foley, Fulton, Rauhauser, Rolfe, Semple—10.

The following business from Select Council was concurred in: Ordinance extending wooden building law to the districts on the South Side; resolution to print Penn avenue act; ordinance for the improvement of Denniston avenue; petition for improvement of Denniston avenue; report of special committee on extension of wooden building laws to South Side; resolution relative to the Allegheny reservoir; ordinance authorizing the re-location of the centre line of Fifth avenue, between O'Hara street and angle near Shady lane; ordinance authorizing the issue of bonds for the improvement of Main and Main streets, in the late borough of Temperanceville; resolution giving Duquesne Grays the ante-room of old City Hall; Ordinance to repeal an ordinance authorizing the grading, paving and curbing of Thirty-first street, from V. R. R. to the Allegheny river. Resolution authorizing the City Engineer to regulate numbers on Vine street from Reed to Fifth avenue. Resolution for draining pond on Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh streets. Ordinance for construction of three foot brick sewer on Forbes street.

Resolution for an examination of the accounts of Weigh Masters. Ordinance opening Pitcock street.

Resolution to withdraw from Councils the ordinance repealing an ordinance grading, paving and curbing Thirtieth street, and referring it to the Committee on Improvements. Ordinance for Audley street, Miama street, Aliequippa street, Wallace street, Antoinette street, Emma street, Lookout street, Wyandotte street, Mohawk street, and Fisk street. Ordinance changing the grade of Fifth avenue between College avenue. Resolution providing for publication of City Charter. Resolution appointing committee to confer with Board of Fire Commissioners in regard to having a hook and ladder apparatus stationed in Thirty-second ward, and Messrs. Binding & Rogers appointed. Report of the Allegheny Wharf Committee. Petition and ordinance granting Wm. Anderson right to erect an iron clad building. Opinion of City Solicitor in reference to the improvement of Second avenue. Communication from Controller in relation to interest on bonds for street improvements.

An ordinance for a twenty inch pipe sewer on Wylie avenue from Green to Erin streets. Action of S. C. non-concurred in; former action of C. C adhered to.

Adjourned.

SOMETHING WORTH LOOKING AFTER

The Art of Making Granite Monuments in Pittsburgh.

It is, perhaps, not known generally in this city that we have among us a firm who have become noted over the entire American continent for their manufacture of handsome granite and marble monuments. Such a firm does exist in the city of Pittsburgh, and the proprietors of the concern which has gained such enviable notoriety are Messrs. Dodds & Caskey. Their place of business is at the corner of Thirty-second street and Penn avenue. There can be seen all sorts of handsome granite monuments. Most of their granite comes from the quarries of Quincy, Mass., and Baltimore, Md. They have both gray and red, gray being the favorite, and present indications are that it will continue in appearance when finished. We saw a vase and several monuments and tomb-stones which show their taste in design and skill of their work. Their trade extends over nearly every State in the Union. They are now manufacturing monuments for parties in New York city; Worster, Ohio; Monmouth, and Chicago, Ill., Greensburgh, Ind., Wheeling, W. Va., Ravenna, Ohio, Independence, Missouri, Ohio, Philadelphia, Pa., New Haven, Conn., Utica, N. Y., Nashua, N. H., and other parts of the country. From Cleveland alone, they have orders for four monuments which cost $5,000, $4,500 and $2,700 and $1,800 respectively, and these are but a modicum of the immense business they are doing. These gentlemen have immense facilities for doing this kind of work. They are the exclusive agents for the West, of Messrs. Mackenzie & Patterson, of Quincy, Mass., who are considered the finest and really the only granite polishers in the United States. We advise those in search of anything in the granite or marble of monumental line, to call on Messrs. Dodds & Caskey, where they will be sure to find what they want, and of first-class workmanship, style and finish. Their place is corner of Thirty-second and Penn avenue.

LIST OF U. S. PATENTS.

ISSUED TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO AND WEST VIRGINIA, FOR THE WEEK ENDING TUESDAY, APRIL 12, 1873, AND BEARING THAT DATE, REPORTED WEEKLY FOR THE "GAZETTE" FROM THE OFFICE OF MESSRS. HILL & ELLSWORTH, NO. 771 G STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., SOLICITORS OF PATENTS AND COUNSELLORS IN PATENT CASES, FROM WHOM ALL INFORMATION REGARDING PATENTS CAN BE OBTAINED.

138,031. Universal Coupling.—Herbert S. Leland, Canton Ohio. Application filed March 28, 1873.

138,334. Apparatus for Cleaning Cess Pools, &c.—William C. McCarty, Pittsburgh, Pa. Application filed December 2, 1872.

138,053. Instrument for drawing Scrolls.—Edward E. Stebbins, Meadville Pa. Application filed December 12, 1872.

138,094. Egg Beater.—Nathaniel C. Miller, Stroudsburg, Pa. Application filed February 28, 1873.

138,096. Fire Proof Floor and Chimney Connections.—William Nebecher, Cleveland, Ohio. Application filed March 1, 1873.

138,104. Miner's Bar.—Ralph B. Platt, Hazleton, Pa. Application filed January 11, 1873.

138,132. Combined Rake and Tedder.—Robert J. Colvin, Lancaster, Pa. Application filed October 1, 1872.

138,135. Fire Place Back.—George W. Cummings, Franklin, Pa. Application filed April 13, 1872.

138,156. Canal.—Henry Hill, Cabin Creek, W. Va. Application filed June 7, 1872.

138,158. Corn Planter.—George O. Houck, Springfield, Ohio. Application filed February 21, 1873.

138,161. Pipe Tongs.—Albert H. Jarecki, Pa. Application filed March 21, 1873.

138,172. Harvester.—Simon L. McCulloch, Wheeling, W. Va. Application filed March 6, 1873.

138,211. Horse Hay Fork.—Hiram C. Stouffer, Canfield, Ohio. Application filed September 21, 1872.

Notice.

The books for subscription to the capital stock of the Franklin Savings Fund and Safe Deposit Company, chartered by the State of Pennsylvania, will be opened for subscriptions on Monday, May 11, 1873, and remain open until the requisite amount of stock is taken, at the stock sales-room, of Cole & Irwin, Nos. 68 and 70 Fifth avenue, Maltby building. To parties wishing an investment no better opportunity is offered, as the charter of this institution is the most liberal ever granted by the State, and offers new and important features in the banking system. All those interested are invited to call at the stock salesrooms, where full particulars will be given. By order of the CORPORATORS.

The many excellencies of the Weed Family Favorite Sewing Machine. Recommend it strongly. Give it an examination. Call at 116 Market street.

THE SUSPECTED MAN.

The Arrest of Michael Kerchner on Charge of Having Murdered Lizzie Mess—Rumors that are Interesting but Ugly—He Asserts His Innocence.

Yesterday afternoon Detective Seth Wilmot left the city on the 3:25 train for the vicinity of Saltsburg, to arrest Michael Kerchner, the man who is supposed to know more than he has yet told in relation to the murder of Lizzie Mess. As yet the deed is clothed in almost impenetrable mystery, and the detectives are apparently no nearer the solution of the problem than some time ago, though their suspicions have become strong enough to induce them to have Kerchner arrested. Speculation has been rife since the final hearing in the case of Pohle and Hindman, and all the rumors now current appear to centre on this man Kerchner, who says he went into the pit at three o'clock in the morning, and did not emerge until one in the afternoon. On the other hand, it is asserted that he was out of the pit once, if not twice, on the day of the murder. The following are some of the rumors in circulation concerning him, which, in connection with other things, caused his arrest. It is said that he was making preparations to leave for Germany. When he first heard of the murder he ran to Mr. Cline, informed him of it, then went to the house and changed his dress before going to the spot where the girl was found. He did not go into the room where the dead child was laid out, and not until the following day did he assist in endeavoring to find a clue that would lead to the detection of the murderer. A number of witnesses will testify that he was out of the pit between nine and ten o'clock on the morning of the murder. It is alleged that he went out with a wagon and team accompanied by a driver, but failed to return at the proper time. About ten o'clock rumor says he was seen at the junction of the road not far from the scene of the murder. From that point the forks of the road leads to the mine, and from the mouth of the pit it is easy to see the house that Lizzie Mess visited on her way home from the store, and it is the theory of the prosecution that he saw her go into the house and that he then crossed over to the bit of wood in order to intercept her there.

The above are only part of the reports in circulation against Kerchner, and Detective Wilmot thought them strong enough to warrant him in asking the arrest. He arrived in the city last evening shortly after six o'clock with Kerchner in custody, having arrested him on a charge of murder previously made. The prisoner was remanded to jail for a hearing this week. The object in postponing it is to obtain a witness or witnesses now absent down the river, but who will be back by that time. One of our reporters interviewed Kerchner, but he declined to say anything at all in relation to the matter, except to declare his innocence of the crime. The proof against him is entirely circumstantial, there being nothing positive.

PERSONAL.

***Geo. F. Huff, of Greensburg, is nominated by the *Herald* of that place for State Treasurer.

***Hon. Samuel A. Gilmore, President Judge of the Fayette County Courts, is lying dangerously ill at his residence in Uniontown.

***Mr. W. Weston, General Traveling Agent of the Kansas Pacific Railway, is in town, and staying at the Union Depot Hotel. His mission here is to send all our "wealth and fashion" to Denver and the famous summer resorts of the Rocky Mountain to spend the summer.

An Old Established Firm.

The firm of S. M. Pettengill & Co. commenced their advertising agency in the old Journal building, No. 10 State street, Boston, nearly a quarter of a century ago (February 1849), where their agency is still located, carrying on a large and successful business. They established a branch in New York city May, 1852, which has grown to be larger than the present house,—increasing steadily, year by year, until now it has the agency of nearly every newspaper in the United States and British Provinces, and does a yearly business of hundreds of thousands of dollars. S. M. Pettengill & Co. have recently opened another branch office at 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, where they are doing a successful increasing business. They have done advertising exceeding ten millions of dollars since commencing business. This firm is favorably known not only throughout this country, but in all parts of the world. They have established a reputation for honorable and fair dealing which any firm might envy, and but few have attained to. We congratulate them upon their success. We would recommend all who want advertising done in any part of the country to call upon them. They can point to hundreds of business men who have followed their advice, and trusted to their sagacity, and all have found them worthy of their facilities, who have made fortunes for themselves, and they are daily assisting others in the same path.—*Boston Journal*, May 8th.

Arrott & Lockhart, General Insurance Agents, No. 167 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

Do you want security against loss and damage by fire? Insure with Arrott & Lockhart.

Do you want your policies of insurance properly worded and arranged? Insure with Arrott & Lockhart.

Do you want your insurance business properly attended to? Insure with Arrott & Lockhart.

Do you want your losses promptly adjusted and paid? Insure with Arrott & Lockhart.

Arrott & Lockhart represent Fire Insurance Companies of the aggregate cash capital to the extent of seventeen million dollars ($17,000,000), comprising the best Eastern, Pittsburgh and English companies. Give special attention to manufacturing risks. All losses promptly adjusted and paid. Apply to or address ARROTT & LOCKHART,
General Insurance Agents,
no 167 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

The annual meeting of the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Orphan Asylum will be held at the Asylum, corner of Ridge street and Grant avenue, Allegheny, on Tuesday May 13th at three o'clock, P. M. The friends of the Institution are invited to be present.

Fishing Tackle

Of every description at the Great Western Gun Works, 479 Smithfield street.
1m TTHS.

Ten Dollars

will give you a good start toward buying a Weed Sewing machine, 116 Market street.

Makers of History Dying Off.

The world's great men are dying off rapidly. The makers of history are themselves being made into history. Within a year or two some of the greatest men of this century have been taken away, among the chief of whom were Dickens, Louis Napoleon, Bulwer, Greeley, Seward, Baron Leibig, Chase and John Stuart Mill. Death, the arch-enemy, is no respecter of persons. All must sooner or later bow and obey his summons and go forever hence. Neither greatness nor power of intellect, wealth or position can resist him; neither can the meanest or most lowly of humanity escape him. We live to-day, and to-morrow we are not. Such is the inevitable destiny of all humanity. And yet how much all men, great and small, live and strive and fret themselves, as if there were no end of life, and no time for more work or more effort to live for than that of gratifying their ambitious as mere worldlings, and of achieving influence, wealth, or greatness, which, after all is over, proves to be an illusion and a vanity.—*Chicago Journal.*

PURGATION AND PROSTRATION.

Let us rejoice that the absurd and paradoxical idea that sick people could be restored to health and strength by violent cathartic treatment has been pretty generally exploded. If there are at it to be found any medical dogmatists who believe such practice, the sooner their hands of life are run out the better it will be for their patients. A more rational mode of dealing with human ailments, was inaugurated some twenty years ago when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters were introduced, and that powerful vegetable invigorant began its triumphant progress to universal popularity. The world now understands the importance of strong healing, refreshing and regulating, as well as purging the disordered system, and is aware that all purgatives are but temporary helps under the operation of the standard restorative of the age. Prepare the system for the unbilitating heat of summer with this vitalizing specific.

DIED.

TITLOW—On Sunday, May 11th, at 2:30 P. M., MARY E. TITLOW, aged 19 years.

Services at the residence of W. S. Bullock, No. 21 Congress street, Mt. Oliver, on Tuesday, May 13 h, at 4 o'clock P. M. The remains will be taken East for interment.

CARLIN—At Altoona, May 11, 1873, JAMES CARLIN, late of Sil o, south Side.

Funeral will proceed from the residence of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Foyle, Fifteenth street, Birmingham, this (Tuesday) MORNING, at 10 o'clock A. M., for St. Mary's Cemetery.

LAUGHLIN—Monday afternoon, May 12, 1873, WILLIAM MCKENNAN, son of George M. and Bella B. Laughlin, aged 5 years.

Notice of funeral in afternoon and morning papers.

JOHNSTON—At his father's residence, in Charlton township, Monday, May 12, 1873, EDWARD JOHNSTON, in his twentieth year.

Notice of funeral in evening papers.

HAZELTON—On Monday, May 12, at 3 P. M., THOMAS HAZELTON, aged 16 years, 6 months and 18 days.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of W. S. Kirby, Forty-first street, on TUESDAY, the 13th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

ALEXANDER AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH AVENUE, Coffins and Caskets, Shrouds, Robes, Gloves, and every article of Funeral Furnishing constantly furnished. Agent for Hydrostatic Coffin, Patent Metallic Burial Cases. Open day and night. Hearse and Carriage furnished.

RODY PATTERSON, Jr., UNDERTAKER, 147 FOURTH AVENUE, Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms cash.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARPETS. CARPETS.

NEW STOCK.

Fine English Body Brussels.
New Yorks & English Tap Brussels.
New 3-Ply Carpets—new styles.
Choice Styles 2 Ply Carpets.
Very low grades Ingrain Carpets.
Rag Carpets, Cottage Carpets.
Jewett's Carpets, Irish Brussels Carpets.
Door Mats, Hearth rugs, Floor Oil Cloth.
Stair Cloth, Lace Curtains, Lambrequins and Cornices, Stair Rods, Window Shades, &c.,

All at the very Lowest Prices.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

DUNLAP & SNAMAN,

136 Federal Street, Allegheny.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.

KELSLER & GOTTHOLD.....Lessees and Managers.

MONDAY EVENING, May 12th, 1873, every Evening during the week and Saturday Matinee, the Distinguished Actor,

Mr. CHARLES WALCOT,

Will appear in the new and original

SENS